

**LABEL, IN PART:** "Carmel Brand Kosher Chicken Fat (Schmaltz) with added onions and vegetable shortening."

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (b) (1), a valuable constituent, chicken fat, had been in part omitted.

Misbranding, Section 403 (a), the label designation "Chicken Fat (Schmaltz)" was false and misleading since the product contained only 23 percent chicken fat.

**DISPOSITION:** December 17, 1952. Default decree of condemnation. The court ordered that the product be delivered to a charitable institution, for use and consumption by the inmates.

## POULTRY

**19946. Adulteration of dressed poultry. U. S. v. 420 Pounds \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 33881. Sample No. 49521-L.)**

**LIBEL FILED:** September 22, 1952, Southern District of New York.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about July 6, 7, and 8, 1952, by the B & B Poultry Co., from Norma, N. J.

**PRODUCT:** 420 pounds of dressed poultry in 6 crates at New York, N. Y.

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (5), the article was in whole or in part the product of a diseased animal.

**DISPOSITION:** October 31, 1952. Default decree of condemnation. The court ordered that samples of the product be delivered to the Food and Drug Administration and that the remainder be destroyed.

**19947. Adulteration of canned fricassee of chicken wings. U. S. v. 228 Cases \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 33973. Sample No. 35970-L.)**

**LIBEL FILED:** September 30, 1952, Northern District of Ohio.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about August 13, 1952, by the Banquet Canning Co., from Marshall, Mo.

**PRODUCT:** 228 cases, each containing 12 3-pound, 2-ounce cans, of fricassee of chicken wings at Toledo, Ohio.

**LABEL, IN PART:** "Ready to Serve Banquet Fricassee of Chicken Wings \* \* \* Net Weight 3 Lbs. 2 Oz."

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance.

**DISPOSITION:** October 14, 1952. F. M. Stamper, owner and operator of the Banquet Canning Division of the F. M. Stamper Co., Marshall, Mo., having admitted that the product was adulterated, judgment was entered in which the court ordered that the product be released under bond to be brought into compliance with the law, under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration. The product was segregated, with the result that 38 cans of the product were found unfit and were destroyed.

## SPICES, FLAVORS, AND SEASONING MATERIALS

**19948. Adulteration of paprika. U. S. v. 2 Barrels, etc. (F. D. C. No. 34049. Sample No. 46414-L.)**

**LIBEL FILED:** October 27, 1952, Southern District of Texas.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about December 13, 1951, from Spain.