

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance by reason of the presence of decomposed tomato material.

DISPOSITION: February 26, 1953. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

19836. Adulteration of tomato catsup. U. S. v. 266 Cases * * *. (F. D. C. No. 33616. Sample No. 4330-L.)

LIBEL FILED: On or about August 14, 1952, Eastern District of Louisiana.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about August 1, 1952, by Gibbs & Co., Inc., from Baltimore, Md.

PRODUCT: 266 cases, each containing 24 14-ounce bottles, of tomato catsup at New Orleans, La.

LABEL, IN PART: "Gibbs Tomato Catsup."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance by reason of the presence of decomposed tomato material.

DISPOSITION: September 15, 1952. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

19837. Adulteration of tomato sauce. U. S. v. 247 Cases * * *. (F. D. C. No. 33696. Sample No. 46370-L.)

LIBEL FILED: September 15, 1952, Eastern District of Louisiana.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about February 29 and March 1, 1952, from Fullerton, Calif.

PRODUCT: 247 cases, each containing 72 8-ounce cans, of tomato sauce at New Orleans, La.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance. The product was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

DISPOSITION: October 8, 1952. Hunt Foods, Inc., Fullerton, Calif., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the court ordered that the product be released under bond for the segregation of the fit from the unfit portion, under the supervision of the Federal Security Agency. 80 cases and 44 cans were salvaged and released to the claimant, and approximately 160 cases were destroyed.

OILS AND FATS

19838. Adulteration and misbranding of table and cooking oil, misbranding of olive oil, and adulteration of macaroni and spaghetti. U. S. v. Chicago Macaroni Co. and Steve Matalone and Joseph S. Matalone. Pleas of nolo contendere. Fine of \$3,000, plus costs, against defendants jointly. (F. D. C. No. 32794. Sample Nos. 14772-L, 14773-L, 15133-L, 15366-L, 15724-L, 16197-L, 19200-L, 32340-L, 35503-L, 48213-L, 48214-L.)

INFORMATION FILED: July 24, 1952, Northern District of Illinois, against the Chicago Macaroni Co., a corporation, Chicago, Ill., and Steve Matalone, president, and Joseph S. Matalone, secretary, of the corporation.