

peas were excessively mealy and its label failed to bear a statement that the peas fell below the standard.

DISPOSITION: December 30, 1952. The court entered a default decree ordering that the product be delivered to a charitable institution.

19733. Adulteration of potatoes. U. S. v. 720 Bags * * *. (F. D. C. No. 32856. Sample Nos. 17004-L, 17005-L.)

LIBEL FILED: March 7, 1952, Western District of Texas.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about February 16, 1952, by George C. Burger, from Merrill, Oreg.

PRODUCT: 720 100-pound bags of potatoes at El Paso, Tex.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of parasitic worms.

DISPOSITION: May 7, 1952. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

TOMATOES AND TOMATO PRODUCTS *

19734. Adulteration of canned tomatoes. U. S. v. 300 Cases * * *. (F. D. C. No. 34135. Sample No. 44565-L.)

LIBEL FILED: November 13, 1952, District of Connecticut.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about October 3, 1952, by the Wm. E. Silver Sales Co., from Conowingo, Md.

PRODUCT: 300 cases, each containing 24 1-pound, 3-ounce cans, of tomatoes at Hartford, Conn.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of fly eggs and maggots.

DISPOSITION: January 26, 1953. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

19735. Adulteration of canned tomatoes. U. S. v. 32 Cases, etc. (F. D. C. No. 34212. Sample No. 19879-L.)

LIBEL FILED: November 13, 1952, District of Minnesota.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about September 11, 1952, by the Rich Canning Co., from Normal, Ill.

PRODUCT: Canned tomatoes. 32 cases, each containing 24 1-pound, 3-ounce cans, and 29 cases, each containing 24 1-pound, 12-ounce cans, at Minneapolis, Minn.

LABEL, IN PART: "Elmdale Tomatoes."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of fly eggs and maggots; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been prepared under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: January 7, 1953. The court entered a default decree of condemnation ordering that the product be denatured for use as animal feed or be destroyed under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

*See also No. 19746.