

and Domestic Romano Sharp Type Cheese Grated and Packed By Icco Cheese Co., Inc. Brooklyn, N. Y.”

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (b) (2), a substance other than grated Romano cheese had been substituted in whole or in part for grated Romano cheese, which the article was represented to be.

DISPOSITION: July 9, 1952. A plea of guilty having been entered, the court imposed a fine of \$75.

19122. Adulteration of cottage cheese, cream, and condensed skim milk. U. S. v. Foremost Dairies, Inc. Plea of nolo contendere. Fine of \$100. (F. D. C. No. 31544. Sample Nos. 55050-K, 82034-K, 905-L, 908-L, 1403-L, 1899-L.)

INFORMATION FILED: September 28, 1951, Middle District of Tennessee, against Foremost Dairies, Inc., Columbia, Tenn.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: Between September 26, 1950, and March 31, 1951, from the State of Tennessee into the States of North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, and Florida.

LABEL, IN PART: “Foremost Dairies, Inc. * * * 40% Sweet Cream [or “36% Cond. Skim” or “Cottage Cheese”].”

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the products consisted in part of filthy substances since they had been prepared from dirty milk and since they contained insect fragments, cow hairs, rodent hair fragments, fly fragments, mites, feather barbules, dog hairs, and a cockroach.

DISPOSITION: November 17, 1952. A plea of nolo contendere having been entered, the court fined the defendant \$100.

19123. Adulteration and misbranding of process cheese. U. S. v. 15 Cases * * *. (F. D. C. No. 33050. Sample No. 27568-L.)

LABEL FILED: April 14, 1952, Northern District of California.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about February 13, 1952, by L. D. Schreiber & Co., Inc., from Green Bay, Wis.

PRODUCT: 15 cases, each containing 20 ½-pound packages, of process cheese at Oakland, Calif.

LABEL, IN PART: “Golden State Brand Pasteurized Process American Cheese.”

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (2), the product contained an added poisonous and deleterious substance, dehydroacetic acid, which is unsafe within the meaning of the law since it is not required in the production of the food and can be avoided by good manufacturing practice.

Misbranding, Section 403 (g) (1), the product failed to conform to the definition and standard of identity for pasteurized process American cheese since it contained dehydroacetic acid, which is not a permitted ingredient.

DISPOSITION: August 14, 1952. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

FISH AND SHELLFISH

19124. Adulteration of frozen pollack. U. S. v. 22 Cans * * *. (F. D. C. No. 33332. Sample Nos. 23250-L, 23251-L.)

LABEL FILED: July 9, 1952, Southern District of New York.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: Between June 1 and 4, 1952, from Gloucester, Mass.