

**19090. Adulteration and misbranding of table and cooking oil. U. S. v. 30 Cans**  
\* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 33155. Sample No. 33227-L.)

**LIBEL FILED:** June 2, 1952, Eastern District of Michigan.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about September 25, 1951, by the V. Formusa Co., from Chicago, Ill.

**PRODUCT:** 30 1-gallon cans of table and cooking oil at Detroit, Mich.

**LABEL, IN PART:** "Marconi Brand Contents 75% Cottonseed Oil 20% Olive Oil 5% Peanut Oil."

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (b) (1), a valuable constituent, olive oil, had been in whole or in part omitted or abstracted from the product.

Misbranding, Section 403 (a), the label statement "20% Olive Oil" was false and misleading since the product contained less than 20 percent olive oil.

**DISPOSITION:** July 8, 1952. Default decree of condemnation. The court ordered that the product be delivered to a Federal institution.

## POULTRY

**19091. Adulteration of dressed turkeys. U. S. v. Furman & Co., Inc. Plea of guilty. Fine, \$300.** (F. D. C. No. 32802. Sample Nos. 24369-L, 24371-L, 24372-L.)

**INFORMATION FILED:** October 21, 1952, District of Massachusetts, against Furman & Co., Inc., Canton, Mass.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about August 9, 1951, from the State of Massachusetts into the State of New York.

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product involved in one shipment consisted in part of a decomposed substance by reason of the presence of decomposed birds and was otherwise unfit for food by reason of the presence of excessively bruised and mutilated birds; furthermore, the product involved in two other shipments consisted in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of birds contaminated with fecal matter and crop material.

**DISPOSITION:** November 17, 1952. The corporation, having entered a plea of guilty, was fined \$300 by the court.

**19092. Adulteration of dressed turkeys. U. S. v. Tillman Produce Co., Inc. plea of guilty. Fine, \$100.** (F. D. C. No. 32801. Sample No. 32952-L.)

**INFORMATION FILED:** August 12, 1952, Western District of Wisconsin, against Tillman Produce Co., Inc., Wilton, Wis.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about November 15, 1951, from the State of Wisconsin into the State of Illinois.

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (5), the food was in part the product of a diseased animal by reason of the presence of diseased birds.

**DISPOSITION:** September 3, 1952. The defendant having entered a plea of guilty, the court fined it \$100.

**19093. Adulteration of dressed poultry. U. S. v. 27 Crates \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 32196. Sample No. 38304-L.)**

**LIBEL FILED:** November 28, 1951, Southern District of New York.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about November 13, 1951, by the Maplewood Packing Co., from Belfast, Maine.

**PRODUCT:** 27 crates, each containing approximately 65 pounds, of dressed poultry at New York, N. Y.

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of birds that were contaminated with fecal matter and crop material; and, Section 402 (a) (5), it was in whole or in part the product of a diseased animal.

**DISPOSITION:** December 19, 1951. Default decree of condemnation. The court ordered that samples of the product be delivered to the Food and Drug Administration and that the remainder be destroyed.

**19094. Adulteration of dressed poultry. U. S. v. 9 Crates \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 32203. Sample No. 38306-L.)**

**LIBEL FILED:** November 29, 1951, Southern District of New York.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about November 14, 1951, by Berry Bros., from Morrill, Maine.

**PRODUCT:** 9 72-pound crates of dressed poultry at Bronx, N. Y.

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (5), the article was in whole or in part the product of a diseased animal.

**DISPOSITION:** December 18, 1951. Default decree of condemnation. The court ordered that samples of the product be delivered to the Food and Drug Administration and that the remainder be destroyed.

### **VITAMIN, MINERAL, AND OTHER PRODUCTS OF SPECIAL DIETARY SIGNIFICANCE\***

**19095. Adulteration and misbranding of Bragg vitamin-mineral tablets. U. S. v. 1 Case \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 33021. Sample No. 16992-L.)**

**LIBEL FILED:** April 15, 1952, Northern District of Illinois.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about February 11, 1952, by the Live Food Products Co., from Burbank, Calif.

**PRODUCT:** 1 case, each containing 12 540-tablet bottles, of vitamin-mineral tablets at Chicago, Ill.

**LABEL, IN PART:** "Bragg Calcium with Phosphorus, Vitamin D \* \* \* Six tablets supply: \* \* \* Vitamin D 1000 USP Units."

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (b) (1), a valuable constituent, vitamin D, had been in part omitted or abstracted from the product.

Misbranding, Section 403 (a), the label statement "Six tablets supply: \* \* \* Vitamin D 1000 USP Units" was false and misleading since the product contained less than 1,000 U. S. P. units of vitamin D in six tablets.

**DISPOSITION:** September 19, 1952. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

**19096. Adulteration and misbranding of Improcal tablets. U. S. v. 477 Bottles, etc. (F. D. C. No. 33346. Sample No. 4274-L.)**

**LIBEL FILED:** July 11, 1952, Eastern District of Virginia.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about June 12, 1952, by Nysco Laboratories, Inc., from Long Island City, N. Y.

\*See also Nos. 19070, 19071.