

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about February 27, 1951, by the Delmarva Poultry Corp., from Milford, Del.

**PRODUCT:** 1,744 pounds of dressed poultry in 22 crates marked with grade designations and net weight at New York, N. Y.

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance by reason of the presence of decomposed birds; and, Section 402 (a) (5), it was in whole or in part the product of a diseased animal.

**DISPOSITION:** April 10, 1951. Default decree of condemnation. The court ordered that samples be delivered to the Food and Drug Administration; that the Food and Drug Administration segregate the fit portion of the product from the unfit and permit the delivery of the fit portion to charitable institutions; and that the unfit portion be destroyed. Segregation operations resulted in the release of 1,000 pounds as good and the destruction of 700 pounds.

**17593. Adulteration of dressed poultry. U. S. v. 444 Pounds \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 30776. Sample No. 24301-L.)**

**LIBEL FILED:** March 16, 1951, Southern District of New York.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about February 15, 1951, by Berry Brothers, from Morrill, Maine.

**PRODUCT:** 444 pounds of dressed poultry in 6 crates at New York, N. Y.

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (5), the article was in whole or in part the product of diseased animals or of animals which had died otherwise than by slaughter.

**DISPOSITION:** April 10, 1951. Default decree of condemnation. The court ordered that samples of the product be delivered to the Food and Drug Administration; that the portion of the remainder that was not diseased and was fit for human consumption be segregated under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration and delivered to local hospitals; and that the unfit portion be destroyed. Approximately 240 pounds of poultry were found to be passable and were delivered to the hospitals.

**17594. Adulteration of dressed poultry. U. S. v. 404 Pounds \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 30948. Sample No. 24328-L.)**

**LIBEL FILED:** May 7, 1951, Southern District of New York.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about April 26, 1951, by Diamond State Poultry Co., Inc., from Lewes, Del.

**PRODUCT:** 404 pounds of dressed poultry in 5 crates marked with the grade and the net weight at New York, N. Y.

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of birds which were contaminated with crop material and fecal matter; and, Section 402 (a) (5), it was in whole or in part the product of a diseased animal.

**DISPOSITION:** June 5, 1951. Default decree of condemnation. The court ordered that samples be delivered to the Food and Drug Administration and that the remainder be destroyed.

**17595. Adulteration of dressed poultry. U. S. v. 127 Pounds \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 30946. Sample No. 24327-L.)**

**LIBEL FILED:** May 9, 1951, Southern District of New York.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about April 25, 1951, by the Maplewood Packing Co., from Belfast, Maine.

**PRODUCT:** 127 pounds of dressed poultry in 2 crates marked with the grade and the net weight at New York, N. Y.

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (5), the article was in whole or in part the product of a diseased animal.

**DISPOSITION:** May 31, 1951. Default decree of condemnation. The court ordered that samples of the product be delivered to the Food and Drug Administration and that the remainder be destroyed.

**17596. Adulteration of dressed poultry. U. S. v. 3 Crates \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 30779. Sample No. 4879-L.)**

**LIBEL FILED:** March 12, 1951, District of Massachusetts.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about March 1, 1951, by Joe Cohen, from Yarmouth, Maine.

**PRODUCT:** 3 crates, each containing 12 head, of New York dressed poultry at Boston, Mass.

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of birds contaminated with fecal matter; and, Section 402 (a) (5), it was in whole or in part the product of a diseased animal or of an animal which had died otherwise than by slaughter.

**DISPOSITION:** April 23, 1951. Default decree of condemnation. The court ordered that the portion that was fit for human consumption be segregated by the United States marshal, under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration, and delivered to a charitable institution, and that the unfit portion be destroyed. Approximately 36 birds were seized, and of these, 7 were salvaged as fit and the remainder were destroyed.

**17597. Adulteration of turkeys. U. S. v. 100 Crates \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 30406. Sample No. 24293-L.)**

**LIBEL FILED:** January 30, 1951, Southern District of New York.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about December 22, 1950, by Floden-Button, from Modesto, Calif.

**PRODUCT:** 100 crates containing a total of 10,571 pounds of turkeys at New York, N. Y.

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of turkeys contaminated with fecal matter.

**DISPOSITION:** April 20, 1951. Floden-Button, claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the court ordered that the product be released under bond, conditioned that the turkeys be cleaned and eviscerated and otherwise made to conform with the requirements of the law, under the supervision of the Federal Security Agency. The turkeys were thawed, scrubbed, and eviscerated.