

CEREALS AND CEREAL PRODUCTS**BAKERY PRODUCTS**

16951. Adulteration of ice cream cones. U. S. v. 599 Cases * * *. (F. D. C. No. 29899. Sample No. 84834-K.)

LIBEL FILED: September 25, 1950, Southern District of Ohio.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about August 23, 1950, by Hudson Cone Co., Inc., from Jersey City, N. J.

PRODUCT: 599 cases each containing 5,000 ice cream cones at Cincinnati, Ohio.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insects, insect parts, and cat hairs; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been prepared under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: November 17, 1950. The Marshmallow Products Co., Cincinnati, Ohio, claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond to be converted into animal feed, under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

FLOUR

Nos. 16952 to 16961 report actions involving flour that was insect- or rodent-infested or both.

16952. Adulteration of flour. U. S. v. 244 Unlabeled Bags * * *. (F. D. C. No. 29852. Sample No. 81578-K.)

LIBEL FILED: October 27, 1950, District of New Jersey.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about August 17, 1950, from Magnolia, Ohio.

PRODUCT: 244 unlabeled bags, each containing 100 pounds, of flour at Trenton, N. J., in possession of A. Exton & Co.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of rodent urine; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been held under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth. The product was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

DISPOSITION: November 27, 1950. A. Exton & Co., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the court ordered that the product be released under bond and delivered to a foundry, under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration. Only 75 100-pound bags of flour were seized, and these were delivered to a foundry, for use in making molds.

16953. Adulteration of flour. U. S. v. 25 Bags, etc. (F. D. C. No. 29905. Sample Nos. 75038-K, 75039-K.)

LIBEL FILED: December 5, 1950, District of Colorado.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about August 9, 1950, from Ogden, Utah.

PRODUCT: Flour. 25 100-pound bags and 60 50-pound bags at Colorado Springs, Colo., in possession of the Puffer Mercantile Co.