

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of maggots, and of a decomposed substance by reason of the presence of decomposed tomato material; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been prepared under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: May 2, 1950. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

CEREALS AND CEREAL PRODUCTS

BAKERY PRODUCTS

16409. Adulteration of bread and rolls. U. S. v. G. W. Opell Co., Inc. Plea of guilty. Fine, \$250. (F. D. C. No. 29595. Sample Nos. 51414-K, 51418-K, 72544-K, 72547-K, 72548-K.)

INFORMATION FILED: July 18, 1950, Southern District of Indiana, against G. W. Opell Co., Inc., Vincennes, Ind.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about March 15 and 16, 1949, and April 4 and 5, 1950, from the State of Indiana into the States of Illinois and Kentucky.

LABEL, IN PART: "Opell's Enriched Sandwich Thin Sliced," "Loving Cup Bread," "Cinnamon Rolls * * * Loving Cup," and "Sweetheart Enriched White Bread."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (4), the articles had been prepared and packed under insanitary conditions whereby they may have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: July 28, 1950. A plea of guilty having been entered, the court imposed a fine of \$250.

CORN MEAL

16410. Adulteration of corn meal. U. S. v. David Alton Monroe, Jr. (X-Way Milling Co.). Plea of nolo contendere. Fine of \$300 on one count; sentence suspended on remaining counts, and defendant placed on probation for two years. (F. D. C. No. 29157. Sample Nos. 63814-K, 63863-K to 63866-K, incl.)

INFORMATION FILED: June 7, 1950, Middle District of North Carolina, against David Alton Monroe, Jr., trading as the X-Way Milling Co. at Laurinburg, N. C.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about October 3 and 31 and November 2, 1949, from the State of North Carolina into the State of South Carolina.

LABEL, IN PART: "X-Way Water Ground Unbolted Corn Meal."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insect fragments; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been prepared under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: September 5, 1950. A plea of nolo contendere having been entered, the defendant was fined \$300 on the first count of the information. Sentence was suspended on the remaining four counts, and the defendant was placed on probation for two years, conditioned that he bring his product and plant in full compliance with the law.