LABEL, IN PART: "Roundy's White Label Tomato Puree."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance by reason of the presence of decomposed tomato material.

DISPOSITION: January 27, 1950. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

15794. Adulteration of tomato sauce. U. S. v. 125 Cases * * *. (F. D. C. No. 27939. Sample No. 54265–K.)

LIBEL FILED: October 24, 1949, Western District of Louisiana.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about July 18, 1949, by the Sabine Valley Canning Co., Haslam, Tex.

PRODUCT: 125 cases of tomato sauce at Shreveport, La.

LABEL, IN PART: "Sabine Valley Brand Tomato Sauce."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insect parts and insect eggs, and of a decomposed substance by reason of the presence of decomposed tomato material; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been prepared under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: February 27, 1950. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

NUTS

15795. Adulteration of cashew nuts. U. S. v. 57 Tins * * * (F. D. C. No. 27943. Sample No. 32539-K.)

LIBEL FILED: October 25, 1949, Northern District of California.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about July 26, 1949, by Wm. A. Higgins & Co., Inc., from New York, N. Y.

PRODUCT: 57 25-pound tins of cashew nuts at San Francisco, Calif.

LABEL, IN PART: "Shelled Cashew Nuts Packed by Danalaxmi Vilas Cashew Company, Quilon, S. India" and "Blanched Cashew Kernels Packed By Southern India Cashew Co., Kundara, S. India."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insects.

DISPOSITION: December 7, 1949. Wm. A. Higgins & Co., Inc., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the court ordered that the product be released under bond for the purposes of fumigation, reconditioning, and otherwise bringing the product into compliance with the law, under the supervision of the Federal Security Agency. A total of 190 pounds of the product was found unfit and was denatured out of the total of 1,401 pounds which actually had been seized.

15796. Adulteration of mixed nuts and brazil nuts. U. S. v. 50 Cases * * * * (and 1 other seizure action). (F. D. C. Nos. 27960, 27966. Sample Nos. 46750-K, 46751-K.)

LIBELS FILED: November 4, 1949, Western District of Pennsylvania.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about September 22 and October 13, 1949, by Wm. A. Higgins & Co., Inc., from New York, N. Y.

PRODUCT: 50 cases, each containing 25 1-pound packages, of brazil nuts, and 48 cases, each containing 25 1-pound packages, of mixed nuts, at Pittsburgh, Pa.

LABEL, IN PART: "Sun-Glo Extra Large Polished Brazil Nuts" and "Mistletoe Brand Mixed Nuts * * * Walnuts Brazils Filberts Almonds Pecans."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the brazil nuts consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance by reason of the presence of moldy nuts, and they were otherwise unfit for food by reason of the presence of empty shells; and the mixed nuts consisted in part of a decomposed substance by reason of the presence of moldy brazil nuts.

DISPOSITION: March 16, 1950. Default decrees of condemnation. The court ordered that the products be distributed to charitable institutions, with the understanding that the nuts be cracked and that the bad nuts be destroyed.

15797. Adulteration of shelled raw peanuts. U. S. v. 152 Sacks * * *. (F. D. C. No. 27208. Sample No. 48468-K.)

LIBEL FILED: May 11, 1949, Eastern District of Pennsylvania.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about November 10, 1948, from Dawson, Ga.

PRODUCT: 152 sacks, each containing 125 pounds, of shelled raw peanuts at Bethlehem, Pa.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of live larvae. The product was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

DISPOSITION: June 20, 1949. Just Born, Inc., Bethlehem, Pa., claimant, having consented to the entry of the decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the court ordered that the product be released under bond to be brought into compliance with the law by cleaning, assorting, and destroying the bad peanuts, under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration. The segregation operations, which were completed on October 18, 1949, resulted in the destruction of approximately 125 pounds of the product.

15798. Adulteration of pecan halves. U. S. v. 72 Boxes * * * (F. D. C. No. 28374. Sample No. 72074–K.)

LIBEL FILED: November 23, 1949, Western District of Kentucky.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about September 9, 1949, by the Orangeburg Pecan Co., from Orangeburg, S. C.

Product: 72 25-pound boxes of pecan halves at Louisville, Ky.

LABEL, IN PART: "Pecan Amber Halves."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance by reason of the presence of moldy, rancid, and otherwise decomposed pecans.

DISPOSITION: January 25, 1950. Default decree of condemnation. The court ordered that the product be delivered to a public institution, for use as animal feed.

15799. Adulteration of pecan halves. U. S. v. 4 Cases * * * (and 1 other seizure action). (F. D. C. Nos. 27952, 28586. Sample Nos. 44891-K, 44898-K, 69039-K.)

LIBELS FILED: November 1 and December 20, 1949, District of Minnesota and Western District of New York.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about September 19 and November 14, 1949, by the Orangeburg Pecan Co., from Orangeburg, S. C.