

LIBEL FILED: July 29, 1949, Northern District of Illinois.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about July 19, 1949, by the Hamilton Fish Co., from Detroit, Mich.

PRODUCT: 22 60-pound boxes of whitefish at Chicago, Ill.

LABEL, IN PART: "Gateway Fisheries Ltd Product of Canada * * * Dressed Great Slave Lake Whites," "Alaska Fisheries Product of Canada 60 Lbs. Net Dr Whitefish," or "Haviriko Bros. A. F. Whites."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance.

DISPOSITION: September 12, 1949. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

15274. Adulteration of frozen flounder. U. S. v. 191 Cartons * * *. (F. D. C. No. 27657. Sample No. 54121-K.)

LIBEL FILED: July 21, 1949, Southern District of Alabama.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about July 1, 1949, by the Independent Fish Co., from Gloucester, Mass.

PRODUCT: 191 10-pound cartons of frozen flounder at Mobile, Ala.

LABEL, IN PART: (Portion) "Cello Flounder 10 Lb. Net Weight Cover Ind. Fish."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance by reason of the presence of decomposed fish.

DISPOSITION: September 9, 1949. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

15275. Adulteration of frozen tullibeas. U. S. v. 15 Boxes * * *. (F. D. C. No. 26587. Sample No. 9512-K.)

LIBEL FILED: February 14, 1949, Southern District of New York.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about January 26, 1949, by Lake St. Peter Fisheries, Ltd., from Montreal, Canada.

PRODUCT: 15 125-pound boxes of frozen tullibeas at New York, N. Y.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of parasitic worms.

DISPOSITION: November 14, 1949. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

15276. Misbranding of canned salmon. U. S. v. 79 Cases * * *. (F. D. C. No. 27067. Sample Nos. 16898-K, 16933-K.)

LIBEL FILED: April 26, 1949, Eastern District of Wisconsin.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about June 4, 1948, by the C. F. Buelow Co., from Seattle, Wash.

PRODUCT: 79 cases, each containing 48 7 $\frac{3}{4}$ -ounce cans, of salmon at Milwaukee, Wis. Examination showed that some cans contained chum salmon and that others contained pink salmon.

LABEL, IN PART: "Silver Bright Brand Medium Red Cohoe Salmon."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Misbranding, Section 403 (a), the label statement "Medium Red Cohoe Salmon" was false and misleading as applied to an article consisting of chum salmon or pink salmon.

DISPOSITION: August 23, 1949. The C. F. Buelow Co., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the court ordered that the product be released under bond for relabeling, under the supervision of the Federal Security Agency.

15277. Adulteration of crab meat. U. S. v. 1 Barrel, etc. (and 1 other seizure action). (F. D. C. Nos. 27643, 27644. Sample Nos. 40199-K, 40200-K.)

LIBELS FILED: July 5, 1949, District of Maryland.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about June 29, 1949, by the Neuse Crab & Oyster Co., from Oriental, N. C.

PRODUCT: 6 barrels, containing a total of 625 1-pound cans, of crab meat at Baltimore, Md. Analyses showed that the product was contaminated with *E. coli* of fecal origin.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy animal substance; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been prepared under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: August 1, 1949. The Neuse Crab & Oyster Co. having admitted the allegations of the libels, judgments of condemnation were entered and the court ordered that the product be destroyed.

15278. Adulteration of crab meat. U. S. v. 1 Barrel, etc. (and 1 other seizure action). (F. D. C. Nos. 27640, 27641. Sample Nos. 40446-K, 47611-K.)

LIBELS FILED: July 1 and 5, 1949, District of Maryland.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about June 28 and 29, 1949, by the G. L. Whorton Co., from Oriental, N. C.

PRODUCT: Crab meat. 4 barrels, containing a total of 339 1-pound cans, and 1 box, containing 50 1-pound cans, at Baltimore, Md. Analysis showed that the product was contaminated with *E. coli* of fecal origin.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy animal substance; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been prepared under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: July 28, 1949. The G. L. Whorton Co. having admitted the allegations of the libels, judgments of condemnation were entered and the court ordered that the product be destroyed.

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

CANNED FRUIT

15279. Adulteration and misbranding of canned cherries. U. S. v. 61 Cases
* * *. (F. D. C. No. 27582. Sample No. 50647-K.)

LIBEL FILED: July 22, 1949, Eastern District of Washington.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about October 17, 1946, by the Welch Fruit Products Co., from Chicago, Ill.

PRODUCT: 61 cases, each containing 6 cans, of cherries at Yakima, Wash.