

whereby it may have become contaminated with filth. The article was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

**DISPOSITION:** July 22, 1949. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

**15254. Adulteration of phosphated flour and self-rising flour. U. S. v. 143 Bags, etc. (F. D. C. No. 27470. Sample Nos. 62050-K, 62051-K.)**

**LIBEL FILED:** July 22, 1949, Eastern District of Arkansas.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about March 28, 1949, from Moundridge, Kans.

**PRODUCT:** 143 25-pound bags of phosphated flour and 133 25-pound bags of self-rising flour at Jonesboro, Ark.

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the pressure of insects. The product was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

**DISPOSITION:** September 7, 1949. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

**15255. Adulteration of self-rising flour. U. S. v. 62 Bags \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 27658. Sample No. 60711-K.)**

**LIBEL FILED:** July 20, 1949, Western District of Tennessee.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about March 15, 1949, by the Moundridge Mill & Elevator Co., from Moundridge, Kans.

**PRODUCT:** 62 50-pound bags of self-rising flour at Trenton, Tenn.

**LABEL, IN PART:** "Pure Food \* \* \* Bleached Flour \* \* \* Enriched Self-Rising."

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insect fragments and rodent hair fragments; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been prepared under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

**DISPOSITION:** August 29, 1949. Default decree of condemnation. The court ordered that the product be sold to the highest bidder, to be converted for use other than for human consumption.

**15256. Adulteration of rye flour. U. S. v. 34 Bags \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 27702. Sample No. 60522-K.)**

**LIBEL FILED:** September 2, 1949, Northern District of Illinois.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about June 14, 1949, from Watertown, Wis.

**PRODUCT:** 34 100-pound bags of rye flour at Chicago, Ill.

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of beetles and larvae. The product was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

**DISPOSITION:** November 8, 1949. Default decree of condemnation. The court ordered that the product be delivered to a public institution, for use as animal feed.

#### MISCELLANEOUS CEREALS AND CEREAL PRODUCTS

**15257. Adulteration of rice, U. S. v. 184 Bags \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 27459. Sample No. 34607-K.)**

**LIBEL FILED:** July 8, 1949, Northern District of California.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about January 19, 1949, from New Orleans, La.

**PRODUCT:** 184 100-pound bags of rice at San Francisco, Calif., in possession of the Wing Sing Chong Co. Warehouse.

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of rodent urine; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been held under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth. The product was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

**DISPOSITION:** August 24, 1949. The Wing Sing Chong Co., San Francisco, Calif., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the court ordered that the product be released under bond for segregation of the fit from the unfit portion, under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration. Of the 137 bags seized, 11 100-pound bags were salvaged as fit for human consumption. The remainder of the product was denatured with fish oil and sold for use as animal feed.

**15258. Adulteration of rice. U. S. v. 80 Bags \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 27678. Sample No. 57775-K.)**

**LIBEL FILED:** August 4, 1949, Southern District of California.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about October 20, 1948, from Houston, Tex.

**PRODUCT:** 80 100-pound bags of rice at Los Angeles, Calif.

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insects. The article was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

**DISPOSITION:** August 25, 1949. Ann Niles, Los Angeles, Calif., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the court ordered that the product be released under bond for the purpose of cleaning, under the supervision of the Federal Security Agency. In accordance with this decree, the product was run through the cleaning mill and the cleaned rice was packed in new bags. One hundred and thirty pounds of screenings obtained by this cleaning operation were denatured.

**15259. Adulteration of rice. U. S. v. 45 Bags \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 27692. Sample No. 57776-K.)**

**LIBEL FILED:** August 12, 1949, Southern District of California.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about January 11, 1949, from Houston, Tex.

**PRODUCT:** 45 100-pound bags of rice at Los Angeles, Calif.

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insect excreta and larvae. The article was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

**DISPOSITION:** October 18, 1949. The Royal Trading Co., San Francisco, Calif., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the court ordered that the product be released under bond for cleaning, under the supervision of the Federal Security Agency. In accordance with the decree, the product was run through the cleaning mill and the cleaned rice was placed in new bags. Eighty-six pounds of screenings obtained from the cleaning operation were destroyed.