

**13952. Adulteration of barley flour. U. S. v. 150 Bags \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 25655. Sample No. 32393-K.)**

**LIBEL FILED:** September 20, 1948, Northern District of California.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about January 4, 1946, from Akron, Ohio.

**PRODUCT:** 150 100-pound bags of barley flour in the possession of the H. J. Heinz Co., Berkeley, Calif.

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of rodent urine and insects; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been held under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth. It was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

**DISPOSITION:** October 26, 1948. The H. J. Heinz Co., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond to be converted into stock feed, under the supervision of the Federal Security Agency.

**13953. Adulteration of rye flour. U. S. v. 30 Bags \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 25071. Sample No. 767-K.)**

**LIBEL FILED:** July 8, 1948, Southern District of Florida.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about March 25, 1948, from Alton, Ill.

**PRODUCT:** 30 100-pound bags of rye flour at Jacksonville, Fla., in the possession of the American Warehouse Corp.

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** The article was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce under Section 402 (a) (3), in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insects and rodent urine; and, Section 402 (a) (4), in that it had been held under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

**DISPOSITION:** September 1, 1948. Default decree of condemnation. The product was ordered delivered to a Federal institution, for use as animal feed.

**13954. Adulteration of soy flour. U. S. v. 66 Bags \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 25676. Sample No. 40657-K.)**

**LIBEL FILED:** September 30, 1948, Western District of Washington.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about June 26, 1948, from Chicago, Ill.

**PRODUCT:** 66 100-pound bags of soy flour at Seattle, Wash.

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insects. It was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

**DISPOSITION:** October 14, 1948. The Glidden Co., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and product was ordered released under bond to be denatured and converted into animal feed, under the supervision of the Federal Security Agency.

**13955. Adulteration of pancake flour. U. S. v. 13 Bales \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 24984. Sample No. 18074-K.)**

**LIBEL FILED:** June 30, 1948, Southern District of Indiana.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about May 1, 1948, by Virginia Sweet Foods, Inc., from Findlay, Ohio.

**PRODUCT:** 13 bales, each containing 10 5-pound packages, of pancake flour at Indianapolis, Ind.

**LABEL, IN PART:** "Virginia Sweet Pancake Flour."

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of larvae, insect fragments, and rodent hair fragments; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been prepared under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

**DISPOSITION:** September 24, 1948. Default decree of forfeiture and destruction.

### MACARONI AND NOODLE PRODUCTS

**13956. Adulteration of macaroni products. U. S. v. Cardinale Macaroni Mfg. Co., Inc., and Andrew Cardinale. Pleas of guilty. Corporation fined \$7,500 and Andrew Cardinale \$2,000. (F. D. C. No. 19534. Sample Nos. 5848-H, 5851-H.)**

**INFORMATION FILED:** April 15, 1948, Eastern District of New York, against Cardinale Macaroni Mfg. Co., Inc., Maspeth, L. I., N. Y., and Andrew Cardinale, president.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about April 17, 1945, from the State of New York into the State of New Jersey.

**LABEL, IN PART:** "Cardinale Grade A 10 Spaghettoni," and "Cardinale Grade A 34 Ditali."

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the products consisted in whole or in part of filthy substances by reason of the presence of rodent hair fragments, mites, and insect fragments; and, Section 402 (a) (4), they had been prepared under insanitary conditions whereby they may have become contaminated with filth.

**DISPOSITION:** November 10, 1948. Pleas of guilty having been entered, the court imposed a fine of \$7,500 against the corporation and a fine of \$2,000 against Andrew Cardinale.

**13957. Adulteration of macaroni. U. S. v. Liberty Macaroni Mfg. Co., Inc. Plea of guilty. Fine, \$500. (F. D. C. No. 25306. Sample No. 6945-K.)**

**INFORMATION FILED:** September 30, 1948, Western District of New York, against the Liberty Macaroni Mfg. Co., Inc., Buffalo, N. Y., and Joseph V. Lojano, secretary and general manager.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** June 22, 1948, from the State of New York into the State of Pennsylvania.

**LABEL, IN PART:** "Rigatoni Liberty Brand Highest Quality Semolina Macaroni."

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insect and rodent hair fragments.

**DISPOSITION:** November 1, 1948. A plea of guilty having been entered, the corporation was fined \$500.

**13958. Adulteration of macaroni products. U. S. v. 6 Cases, etc. (F. D. C. No. 24580. Sample Nos. 7226-K to 7230-K, incl.)**

**LABEL FILED:** April 7, 1948, Middle District of Pennsylvania.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about January 23, 1948, by the Avon Macaroni Co., from Avon, N. Y.