

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance by reason of the presence of moldy and decomposed strawberry material.

DISPOSITION: May 25, 1948. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

JELLY, PRESERVES, AND FRUIT BUTTERS

13131. Adulteration and misbranding of grape jelly. U. S. v. 234 Cases * * *.
(F. D. C. No. 24759. Sample No. 957-K.)

LABEL FILED: May 6, 1948; Middle District of Georgia.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about March 24, 1948, by Martin's Foods, from Jacksonville, Fla.

PRODUCT: 234 cases, each containing 24 1-pound jars, of grape jelly at Sparks, Ga.

LABEL, IN PART: "M Martin's Pure Grape Jelly."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (b) (1), a valuable constituent, grape juice, had been omitted.

Misbranding, Section 403 (g) (1), the product fell below the definition and standard of identity for grape jelly, since it was made from a mixture composed of less than 45 parts by weight of the fruit (grape) juice ingredient to each 55 parts by weight of the saccharine ingredient.

DISPOSITION: June 22, 1948. Default decree of condemnation. The product was ordered delivered to a Federal institution.

13132. Adulteration of strawberry preserves. U. S. v. 234 Cases * * *.
(F. D. C. No. 23774. Sample No. 82723-H.)

LABEL FILED: On or about October 3, 1947, District of Montana.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about July 25, 1947, by Independence Cold Storage, from Independence, La.

PRODUCT: 234 cases, each containing 24 1-pound jars, of strawberry preserves at Great Falls, Mont.

LABEL, IN PART: "Colonial Pure Strawberry Preserves * * * Colonial Cannery, Inc., Independence, La."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance, as evidenced by the presence of mold.

DISPOSITION: December 3, 1947. Colonial Cannery, Inc., claimant, having admitted certain allegations in the libel, judgment was entered ordering the product released under bond to be brought into compliance with the law, under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration. Approximately 18 cases of the seized product (actually 256 cases seized) were destroyed.

13133. Misbranding of preserved watermelon rind. U. S. v. 85 Cases * * *.
(F. D. C. No. 24114. Sample No. 9749-K.)

LABEL FILED: November 20, 1947, Southern District of New York.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about October 6, 1947, by the Schaaf Preserving Co., from Miami, Fla.

PRODUCT: 85 cases, each containing 24 jars, of preserved watermelon rind at New York, N. Y.

LABEL, IN PART: "Royal Scarlet Contents 1-Pound Preserved Watermelon Rind Spiced and Pickled R. C. Williams & Co., Inc. Distributors, New York, N. Y."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Misbranding, Section 403 (e) (2), the article failed to bear a label containing an accurate statement of the quantity of the contents (the article was short-weight); and, Section 403 (i) (2), it was fabricated from two or more ingredients, and its label failed to bear the common or usual name of each such ingredient.

DISPOSITION: December 31, 1947. The Schaaf Preserving Co., claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond for relabeling under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.