

artificially flavored mixture of salt, bran, and other ingredients, containing little, if any, pepper.

DISPOSITION: May 27, 1947. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

**12751. Adulteration of dried chili peppers. U. S. v. 31,200 Pounds \* \* \*.**  
(F. D. C. No. 22392. Sample No. 40039-H.)

LIBEL FILED: January 14, 1947, Eastern District of Missouri.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about December 10, 1946, by Gillett & Achterberg, from Canutillo, Tex.

PRODUCT: 31,200 pounds of dried chili peppers in bags at St. Louis, Mo.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance by reason of the presence of moldy chili peppers.

DISPOSITION: February 25, 1947. Gillett & Achterberg, claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond, conditioned that it be brought into compliance with the law, under the supervision of the Federal Security Agency.

**12752. Adulteration of red peppers. U. S. v. 106 Bags \* \* \*.** (F. D. C. No. 23959. Sample No. 6403-K.)

LIBEL FILED: November 7, 1947, Western District of New York.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about September 8, 1947, by J. D. White, from Timmonsville, S. C.

PRODUCT: 106 bags of red peppers at Rochester, N. Y., varying in weight from 58 to 116 pounds.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insect excreta and insect-eaten peppers.

DISPOSITION: February 12, 1948. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

**12753. Adulteration and misbranding of popcorn seasoning. U. S. v. St. Louis Fondant Co., a corporation, and Hugo Eisenmenger and Edward Zeisler. Pleas of nolo contendere. Fines, \$50 against corporation and \$20 against each individual.** (F. D. C. No. 20952. Sample No. 6524-H.)

INFORMATION FILED: November 4, 1946, Eastern District of Missouri, against the St. Louis Fondant Co., St. Louis, Mo., and Hugo Eisenmenger and Edward Zeisler, president and secretary, respectively.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about August 17, 1945, from the State of Missouri into the State of New York.

LABEL, IN PART: "Eagle Brand."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (b) (4), a substance, yellow color, had been added to mineral oil and mixed and packed with it so as to make the article appear to be an edible oil, which is better and of greater value.

Misbranding, Section 403 (a), the labeling of the article was misleading in that it failed to reveal the fact material with respect to the consequences which may result from the customary or usual use of the article for popcorn seasoning, since the article contained an oil which would interfere seriously with the assimilation of certain essential vitamins and minerals, and when used as popcorn seasoning might render the product injurious to health.

DISPOSITION: March 17, 1947. Pleas of nolo contendere having been entered by the defendants, the court imposed fines of \$50 against the corporate defendant and \$20 against each individual defendant.

**12754. Adulteration and misbranding of popcorn seasoning. U. S. v. 25 Cases \* \* \* (and 2 other seizure actions).** (F. D. C. Nos. 22218, 22227, 22239. Sample Nos. 57647-H, 74003-H, 74005-H.)

LIBELS FILED: January 27, 29, and 31, 1947, District of Massachusetts.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about September 20 and 24 and October 3, 1946, by Bernau Processing Plant, from Lake City, Iowa.