

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance. (Examination showed that the product contained decomposed tomato material.)

**DISPOSITION:** June 24, 1947. Walter L. Rathbun, claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was released under bond, conditioned that the fit portion be used in the manufacture of tomato puree or tomato catsup and that the unfit portion be denatured or destroyed under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

**12606. Adulteration of tomato juice. U. S. v. 690 Cases \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 21881. Sample No. 61116-H.)**

**LIBEL FILED:** December 23, 1946, Western District of Pennsylvania.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about November 2, 1946, by Westfield Planters Cooperative Fruit Products, Inc., from Westfield, N. Y.

**PRODUCT:** 690 cases, each containing 6 3-quart cans, of tomato juice at Pittsburgh, Pa.

**LABEL, IN PART:** "Edelweiss Tomato Juice."

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance by reason of the presence of decomposed tomato material.

**DISPOSITION:** March 18, 1947. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

**12607. Adulteration of tomato juice. U. S. v. 987 Cases \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 22524. Sample No. 60554-H.)**

**LIBEL FILED:** February 13, 1947, Western District of Pennsylvania.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about September 19, 1946, by the Mel Williams Corporation, from Sonoma, Calif.

**PRODUCT:** 987 cases, each containing 12 48-ounce cans, of tomato juice at Pittsburgh, Pa.

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance.

**DISPOSITION:** March 3, 1947. M. Rom and Sons Company, Inc., Pittsburgh, Pa., claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond for segregation and destruction of the unfit portion, under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

**12608. Adulteration of tomato juice. U. S. v. 433 Cases \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 22433. Sample No. 52043-H.)**

**LIBEL FILED:** January 25, 1947, District of Minnesota.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about November 22, 1946, by Roach-Indiana Corporation, from Arlington, Ind.

**PRODUCT:** 433 cases, each containing 6 3-quart cans, of tomato juice at Minneapolis, Minn.

**LABEL, IN PART:** "Tomato Juice Good. N. Full."

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance by reason of the presence of decomposed tomato material.

**DISPOSITION:** March 31, 1947. No claimant having appeared, judgment was entered and the product was ordered destroyed or disposed of as animal feed.

**12609. Adulteration of tomato juice. U. S. v. 608 Cases \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 22214. Sample No. 65964-H.)**

**LIBEL FILED:** January 24, 1947, Eastern District of Pennsylvania.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about November 27, 1946, by the Southern Packing Co., from Smithburg, Md.

**PRODUCT:** 608 cases, each containing 12 1-quart, 14-fluid ounce cans, of tomato juice at Philadelphia, Pa.