

DISPOSITION: September 5, 1946. A plea of guilty having been entered by the defendant, the court imposed a fine of \$100.

11141. Adulteration of corn meal. U. S. v. Whitlock Mills. Plea of guilty. Fine, \$100. (F. D. C. No. 19037. Sample No. 23530-H.)

INFORMATION FILED: December 4, 1946, Western District of Tennessee, against Whitlock Mills, a partnership, Whitlock, Tenn.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about November 10, 1945, from the State of Tennessee into the State of Kentucky.

LABEL, IN PART: "Stone Ground Meal."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of rodent excreta fragments, insect fragments, and insect excreta.

DISPOSITION: January 6, 1947. A plea of guilty having been entered on behalf of the defendant, the court imposed a fine of \$100.

11142. Adulteration of corn meal and corn flour. U. S. v. 25 Bags of White Corn Meal, etc. (F. D. C. No. 20035. Sample Nos. 18120-H, 18121-H.)

LIBEL FILED: June 11, 1946, Northern District of Illinois.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: April 19 and May 4, 1946, by Paoli Mill, from Paoli, Wis.

PRODUCT: 25 bags of white corn meal and 41 bags of yellow corn meal and yellow corn flour at Chicago, Ill.

LABEL, IN PART: "Special White Corn Meal [or "Yellow Corn Meal," or "Yellow Corn Flour"]."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the articles consisted in whole or in part of filthy substances by reason of the presence of rodent excreta fragments and rodent hairs.

DISPOSITION: August 5, 1946. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

FLOUR*

11143. Adulteration of pastry flour. U. S. v. 100 Bags * * *. (F. D. C. No. 20007. Sample No. 52659-H.)

LIBEL FILED: May 22, 1946, Southern District of Indiana.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about January 30, 1946, from Hutchinson, Kans.

PRODUCT: 100 100-pound bags of pastry flour at Indianapolis, Ind., in possession of Indianapolis Warehouse & Storage Co. The article was stored under insanitary conditions. Some of the bags were rodent-gnawed, and rodent excreta and urine stains were observed on them. Examination showed that the article contained rodent excreta and rodent hairs.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance.

DISPOSITION: July 23, 1946. No claimant having appeared, judgment was entered ordering that the fit and unfit portions be separated under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration and delivered to charitable organizations. It was further ordered that the fit portion be used for human consumption and that the unfit portion be used for animal feed.

11144. Adulteration of enriched flour. U. S. v. Lexington Roller Mills, Inc. Plea of nolo contendere. Fine, \$400 and costs. (F. D. C. No. 20122. Sample Nos. 13055-H, 13653-H.)

INFORMATION FILED: July 3, 1946, Eastern District of Kentucky, against Lexington Roller Mills, Inc., a corporation, Lexington, Ky.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: May 16 and June 18, 1945, from the State of Kentucky into the State of Tennessee.

PRODUCT: One shipment of the flour contained less vitamin B₁ than declared, and the other shipment contained less vitamin B₁, riboflavin, niacin, and iron than declared.

LABEL, IN PART: (One shipment) "Enriched Lexington Cream * * * Flour * * * 8 ounces * * * contain not less than the following proportions

*See also No. 11142.