

hairs; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been prepared, packed, or held under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: March 12, 1946. A plea of guilty having been entered, the defendant was fined \$500.

9615. Adulteration and misbranding of ice cream cones. U. S. v. 15 Cases of Ice Cream Cones (and 2 other seizure actions against ice cream cones). Default decrees of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. Nos. 16705, 17086, 17087. Sample Nos. 3113-H, 11178-H, 11180-H, 11181-H.)

LIBELS FILED: July 20 and August 4, 1945, District of Columbia and District of Maine.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: June 25 and 28 and July 3, 1945, by the Eastern Baking Co., from Chelsea, Mass.

PRODUCT: Ice cream cones. 150 cartons at Washington, D. C., 50 cartons at Bath, Maine, and 1,100 cartons at Lewiston, Maine. Each carton contained 100 ice cream cones.

LABEL, IN PART: (Cartons) "Toot Cake Cup Cones," "Tops in Taste Fro-joy dripless Ice Cream Cake Cones," or "Fro-joy Cake Cones Guarantee of Purity Fro-joy Cones are made under rigid, sanitary conditions."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of rodent hair fragments and (Bath lot) larvae; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been prepared under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

Misbranding, Section 403 (a), (one lot) the statement on the carton, "made under rigid, sanitary conditions," was false and misleading.

DISPOSITION: September 25 and November 14, 1945. No claimant having appeared, judgments of condemnation were entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

9616. Adulteration of rye knackebrod and rye hardtack. U. S. v. 88 Cases of Rye Knackebrod and 72 Cartons of Rye Hardtack. Default decrees of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. Nos. 16918, 16950. Sample Nos. 18254-H, 18255-H, 20767-H, 20768-H.)

LIBELS FILED: On or about July 26 and August 6, 1945, Southern District of Iowa and Western District of Missouri.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: Between the approximate dates of May 16 and July 5, 1945, by the Ser Baking Co., from Minneapolis, Minn.

PRODUCT: 88 cases, each containing 12 ½-pound packages, of rye knackebrod at Des Moines, Iowa; and 23 cartons, each containing 24 ½-pound packages, and 49 cartons, each containing 12 ½-pound packages, of rye hardtack at Kansas City, Mo.

LABEL, IN PART: "Manchester's Swedish Style Rye Knackebrod," or "Ser-Ry."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the articles consisted in whole or in part of filthy substances by reason of the presence of rodent hair fragments, insects, and insect fragments; and, Section 402 (a) (4), they had been prepared under insanitary conditions whereby they may have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: August 22 and October 12, 1945. No claimant having appeared, judgments of condemnation were entered and the products were ordered destroyed.

9617. Adulteration of Rytak. U. S. v. 51 Cases of Rytak. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 16806. Sample No. 27840-H.)

LIBEL FILED: July 25, 1945, District of Oregon.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about June 20, 1945, by Hudson Duncan and Co., from Seattle, Wash.

PRODUCT: 51 cases, each containing about 25 pounds, of Rytak at Portland, Oreg.

LABEL, IN PART: "Rytak Knackerbrod Made from Pure Rye."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of beetles.

DISPOSITION: September 12, 1945. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.