

DISPOSITION: March 30, 1944. Cases consolidated; the Griesedieck Bros. Brewing Co., St. Louis, Mo., claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libels, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond, conditioned that the unfit portion be segregated and denatured and disposed of for purposes other than human consumption, under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

6443. Adulteration of rice. U. S. v. 504 Cases of Rice. Consent decree of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond. (F. D. C. No. 11787. Sample No. 70914-F.)

LIBEL FILED: On or about February 17, 1944, District of Oregon.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about March 12, 1943, by the National Retail Owned Grocery Stores, from New Orleans, La.

PRODUCT: 504 cases, each containing 30 15-ounce packages, of rice at Portland, Oreg.

LABEL, IN PART: (Packages) "Shurfine Brand Supreme Quality White Uncoated Rice National Retailer-Owned Grocers, Inc. Distributors Chicago, Illinois."

VIOLATION CHARGED: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of beetles, larvae, cast skins, and insect excreta.

DISPOSITION: March 3, 1944. United Grocers, Inc., Portland, Oreg., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond to be brought into compliance with the law under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

6444. Adulteration of rice. U. S. v. 22 Bales and 6 Bales of Rice. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 11595. Sample No. 30170-F.)

LIBEL FILED: On or about January 6, 1944, Western District of Washington.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about January 9, 1943, from Jennings, La.

PRODUCT: 22 bales, each containing 10 10-pound bags, and 6 bales, each containing 4 25-pound bags, of rice at Tacoma, Wash., in possession of the Pacific Fruit & Produce Co.

The rice was stored under insanitary conditions after shipment. Rodent pellets were scattered over and between the bales and on the floor. Urine stains were noted on the bales and the bags, and many of the bags had been gnawed by rodents. Examination of samples showed that the product contained rodent hairs, insect fragments, and larvae.

VIOLATIONS CHARGED: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been held under insanitary conditions whereby it might have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: February 18, 1944. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

6445. Adulteration of granulated soy beans. U. S. v. 2 Bags of Granulated Soya Beans. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 10677. Sample No. 55406-F.)

LIBEL FILED: September 9, 1943, Western District of Washington.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about July 20, 1943, by H. Schoenfeld & Sons, Inc., from New York, N. Y.

PRODUCT: 2 bags, containing a total of 200 pounds, of granulated soy beans at Seattle, Wash.

LABEL, IN PART: (Bags) "Callahan Supply Co., Seattle, Wash."

VIOLATION CHARGED: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of live worms, pupae, webbing, and excreta.

DISPOSITION: April 28, 1944. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

6446. Adulteration of soy grits. U. S. v. 80 Bags of Soy Grits. Decree of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond. (F. D. C. No. 11746. Sample No. 61079-F.)

LIBEL FILED: February 4, 1944, Eastern District of Louisiana.