

stance. The article was labeled in part: "Country Roll Creamery Butter Pasteurized Wilson & Co. Distributors, General Offices Chicago, Ill."

On July 27, 1943, the Holden Creamery Co., claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

**5303. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 4 Tubs, (256 pounds) of Butter. Consent decree of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond to be denatured and disposed of as an ointment base. (F. D. C. No. 10473. Sample No. 23730-F.)**

On August 9, 1943, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania filed a libel against 4 64-pound tubs of butter at Philadelphia, Pa., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about August 5, 1943, by McCrum's Creamery from Lexington, Va.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy or decomposed animal substance. The article was labeled in part: "Butter Stanley Marvel."

On August 25, 1943, Stanley Marvel of Philadelphia, Pa., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond conditioned that it be denatured, under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration, and sold for purposes other than human consumption. It was melted down into oil and used in the manufacture of ointments.

**5304. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 19 Cases of Butter. Consent decree of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond for conversion into refined butter oil. (F. D. C. No. 10493. Sample No. 41101-F.)**

On July 30, 1943, the United States attorney for the Middle District of Alabama filed a libel against 19 cases of butter at Montgomery, Ala., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about July 14, 1943, by the Cudahy Packing Co. from Nashville, Tenn.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance. The article was labeled in part: (Retail carton) "Daisy Maid Brand Creamery Butter."

On September 8, 1943, the Cudahy Packing Co. having appeared as claimant and having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond for conversion into refined butter oil under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

**5305. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 15 Tubs of Butter. Consent decree of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond for conversion into butter oil. (F. D. C. No. 10495. Sample No. 45237-F.)**

On August 16, 1943, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York filed a libel against 15 tubs of butter at New York, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about August 8, 1943, by the Roanoke Dairy and Ice Cream Co. from Roanoke, Va.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy, putrid, or decomposed substance.

On August 25, 1943, the Roanoke Dairy and Ice Cream Co., claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond for conversion into butter oil under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

**5306. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 30 Cases of Butter. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 10474. Sample No. 28989-F.)**

On July 27, 1943, the United States attorney for the Northern District of Georgia filed a libel against 30 cases, each containing 32 pounds, of butter at Atlanta, Ga., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about July 20, 1943, by the Mountain Valley Cooperative, Inc., from Brass-town, N. C.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy or decomposed substance. The article was labeled in part: "Packed for Kingan & Company \* \* \* Forest Brook Creamery Butter."

On September 28, 1943, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.