

3694. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 14 Boxes of Butter. Consent decree of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond to be reconditioned.
(F. D. C. No. 6223. Sample No. 76080-E.)

On November 4, 1941, the United States attorney for the District of Minnesota filed a libel against 14 boxes, each containing 66 pounds, of butter at St. Paul, Minn., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about October 28, 1941, by Eureka Creamery from Eureka, S. Dak.; and charging that it was adulterated in that a valuable constituent, milk fat, had been in whole or in part omitted or abstracted therefrom, and in that an article containing less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat had been substituted wholly or in part for butter. The article was labeled in part: "N. D. P. Packed for National Butter Co. Dubuque, Iowa."

On March 2, 1942, the Eureka Creamery, claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond conditioned that it be reconditioned to comply with the law.

3695. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 74 Tubs of Butter. Consent decree of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond to be reworked.
(F. D. C. No. 6905. Sample No. 62398-E.)

On February 6, 1942, the United States attorney for the Northern District of Illinois filed a libel against 74 63-pound tubs of butter at Chicago, Ill., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on January 17, 1942, by O. G. Harp Poultry & Egg Co. from Shawnee, Okla.; and charging that it was adulterated. It was labeled in part: "Creamery Butter The Peter Fox Sons Co. Distributors."

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that an article containing less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat had been substituted for butter.

On February 27, 1942, the Peter Fox Sons Co., Chicago, Ill., claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond conditioned that it be reworked under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

3696. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 5 Cubes of Butter. Consent decree of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond for reconditioning.
(F. D. C. No. 7612. Sample No. 92058-E.)

On May 5, 1942, the United States attorney for the Southern District of California filed a libel against 5 cubes of butter at Los Angeles, Calif., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about March 24, 1942, by the Hereford Creamery Co. from Hereford, Tex.; and charging that it was adulterated in that a product containing less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat had been substituted for butter. The article was labeled in part: "Cream-O-Plains Butter."

On May 12, 1942, the Hereford Creamery Co., claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond for reconditioning under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

3697. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 22 Boxes of Butter. Consent decree of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond for reworking.
(F. D. C. No. 7432. Sample No. 86948-E.)

On April 23, 1942, the United States attorney for the Northern District of Ohio filed a libel against 22 boxes of butter at Cleveland, Ohio, alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about April 13, 1942, by L. D. Schreiber & Co., Inc., from Chicago, Ill.; and charging that it was adulterated in that a product containing less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat had been substituted for butter.

On May 13, 1942, L. D. Schreiber & Co., Inc., claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond for reworking under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

3698. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 4 Cases and 5 Cases of Butter (and 2 other seizure actions against butter). Default decrees of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. Nos. 7377, 7981, 8020. Sample Nos. 78968-E to 78970-E, incl., 84578-E, 22403-F.)

On April 4, June 29, and July 13, 1942, the United States attorneys for the Northern District of New York and the Eastern and Western Districts of Pennsylvania filed libels against 4 cases each containing 30 1-pound rolls of