

released under bond to be denatured into animal feed under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

**2628. Adulteration of corn meal. U. S. v. 39 Sacks and 15 Sacks of Corn Meal. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 5034. Sample Nos. 9550-E, 9551-E.)**

Examination showed this product to contain rodent hairs, insects, larvae, and insect fragments.

On or about June 30, 1941, the United States attorney for the Southern District of Mississippi filed a libel against 54 sacks of corn meal at Gulfport, Miss., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about May 14, 1941, by Webster [Western] Grain Co. from Birmingham, Ala.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted wholly or in part of a filthy substance. It was labeled in part: "Cabin Home Old Style Unbolted [or "Jim Dandy Degenerated Pearl Bolted"] Corn Meal \* \* \* Manufactured by Western Grain Co. Birmingham, Ala."

On February 18, 1942, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

#### BAKERY PRODUCTS

**2629. Adulteration of bakery products. U. S. v. G. L. Baking Co. Plea of guilty. Fine, \$75 and costs. (F. D. C. No. 5496. Sample Nos. 46447-E to 46453-E, incl., 50444-E, 50445-E, 50449-E to 50451-E, incl., 50475-E, 50486-E.)**

Examination of samples of these products showed that they were contaminated with filth, such as rodent hairs and insect fragments.

On September 16, 1941, the United States attorney for the District of Maryland filed an information against the G. L. Baking Co., a corporation at Frederick, Md., alleging shipment within the period from on or about August 24, 1940, to on or about January 4, 1941, from the State of Maryland into the States of New York and Virginia of quantities of bakery products that were adulterated in that they consisted in whole or in part of filthy substances, and in that they had been prepared under insanitary conditions whereby they might have become contaminated with filth. The articles were labeled in part: "Brownie Penny Pies," "Penny Choc. Pecan," "Peanut M. M.," "Dark [or "Light"] Blarney," "Choc. Rosette," "Choc. M. M.," "Penny Surprise," "X Snaps," "G. L. Oyster Crackers," "G. L. Salted Biscuits," or "Lemon Squares."

On October 3, 1941, the defendant having entered a plea of guilty, the court imposed a fine of \$75 and costs.

**2630. Adulteration of cakes and pies. U. S. v. John E. Mayer. Plea of nolo contendere. Judgment of guilty. Fine, \$200. (F. D. C. No. 2980. Sample Nos. 24214-E, 24216-E, 24218-E, 24219-E, 24220-E, 24222-E, 24251-E, 24252-E.)**

Samples of these products were found to contain, variously, insect and rodent filth, and certain of the pies also contained added water and starch paste.

On June 11, 1941, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania filed an information against John E. Mayer, of Philadelphia, Pa., alleging delivery for introduction in interstate commerce from the State of Pennsylvania into the State of New Jersey on or about July 6, 1940, of quantities of cakes and pies that were adulterated.

The articles were alleged to be adulterated in that they consisted in whole or in part of filthy substances; portions of the pies were alleged to be adulterated further in that water and starch had been substituted in part for peach, pineapple, raisin, apple, and cherry fruit therein.

On October 2, 1941, the defendant having pleaded nolo contendere, judgment of guilty was entered by the court and a fine of \$200 was imposed.

**2631. Adulteration of cakes. U. S. v. New Standard Baking Co. Plea of nolo contendere. Fine, \$1,000. (F. D. C. No. 4160. Sample Nos. 3926-E, 3928-E, 3929-E, 3930-E, 24254-E, 24255-E, 24257-E, 50021-E, 50023-E to 50028-E, incl., 50031-E, 50408-E to 50411-E, incl.)**

Samples of these cakes were found to contain rodent and insect filth.

On August 6, 1941, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania filed an information against the New Standard Baking Co., a corporation, Philadelphia, Pa., alleging shipment on or about August 14, September 7, and October 17, 1940, from the State of Pennsylvania into the States of New York and Maryland and the District of Columbia, of quantities of cakes which were adulterated in that they consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance. They were labeled in part "Betakake."

On November 26, 1941, a plea of nolo contendere was entered on behalf of the defendant. On December 11, 1941, the court imposed a fine of \$1,000.