

an amended libel on January 31, 1940), alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about November 15, 1939, by O. G. Harp Poultry & Egg Co. from Shawnee, Okla.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it was in whole or in part the product of diseased animals.

On February 9, 1940, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

917. Adulteration of dressed turkeys. U. S. v. 7 Barrels of Dressed Turkeys. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 1309. Sample Nos. 86306-D, 86307-D, 86308-D.)

On January 8, 1940, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of New York filed a libel against seven barrels of dressed turkeys at Brooklyn, N. Y. (and an amended libel on January 31, 1940), alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on November 17 and November 21, 1939, by the Pruitt Produce Co. from Ardmore, Okla., and Sherman, Tex.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it was in whole or in part of the product of diseased animals.

On February 9, 1940, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

NUT PRODUCTS

PEANUT BUTTER

918. Adulteration of peanut butter. U. S. v. 366 Cases and 159 Cases of Peanut Butter. Default decrees of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. Nos. 1534, 2029. Sample Nos. 61567-D to 61570-D, incl., 5892-E.)

Samples of this product were found to contain sand and dirt.

On February 28 and May 24, 1940, the United States attorneys for the Southern District of Mississippi and the Eastern District of Kentucky filed libels against 366 cases of peanut butter at Gulfport, Miss., and 159 cases of the product at Harlan, Ky., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about October 23, 1939, and January 17, 1940, by the J. D. Johnston, Jr., Co., from Brundidge, Ala.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted wholly or in part of a filthy substance. The product was labeled in part: "Johnston's * * * Peanut Butter."

On June 4 and 14, 1940, no claimant having appeared, judgments of condemnation were entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

919. Adulteration of peanut butter. U. S. v. 26 Cases of Peanut Butter. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 1924. Sample No. 20539-E.)

This product contained rodent hairs, rodent excreta, insect fragments, and dirt.

On May 9, 1940, the United States attorney for the Northern District of Georgia filed a libel against 26 cases of peanut butter at Atlanta, Ga., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about November 18, 1939, by Myers & Hicks Co. of Baltimore, Md., from Suffolk, Va.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance. It was labeled in part: (Tins) "Producers Jo-Jo Brand Peanut Butter * * * Producers Peanut Co., Inc. Suffolk, Virginia."

On June 4, 1940, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

920. Adulteration and misbranding of peanut butter. U. S. v. 60 Cases and 20 Cases of Peanut Butter (and 5 other seizures of peanut butter). Default decrees of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. Nos. 1921, 1959, 1976, 1984, 1990, 1991. Sample Nos. 2273-E, 14323-E, 14325-E, 20205-E to 20208-E, incl.)

This product was found to contain dirt. Samples taken from 3 of the shipments were also found to contain rodent hairs or insect fragments, or both. The 1-pound size in one of the shipments was short weight.

Between May 10 and May 20, 1940, the United States attorneys for the District of Rhode Island, the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, and the Western District of South Carolina filed libels against 80 cases of peanut butter at Providence, R. I.; 25 drums at Phoenixville, Pa.; 29 cases at Greenville, S. C.; 180 cases at Pickens, S. C.; and 45 cases at Seneca, S. C., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce by the Producers Peanut Co., Inc., from Suffolk, Va., within the period from on or about February 21 to on or about May 4, 1940; and charging that it was adulterated, and that one lot was also