

shipped in interstate commerce within the period from on or about August 2 to on or about August 20, 1940, by Simensky & Levy Corporation from Brooklyn, N. Y.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance. The seizures located at Jersey City, N. J., were variously labeled in part: "Frackville Mountain Brand Blueberries Packed By A. Yudacufski, Frackville, Pa."; "Sunny Mountain Brand Sweet Berries"; "Penna Mountains Fancy Blueberries"; "Bluebird Picked Blueberries Packed by Kostick Bros."; and "Best-Pak Fancy Blueberries."

On November 29 and December 19, 1940, no claimant having appeared, judgments of condemnation were entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

**860. Adulteration of blueberries. U. S. v. 163 Quarts of Blueberries. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.** (F. D. C. No. 3310. Sample No. 27445-E.)

On August 26, 1940, the United States attorney for the Southern District of Ohio filed a libel against 163 quarts of blueberries at Cincinnati, Ohio, alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about August 21, 1940, by John P. Skotek from McAdoo, Pa.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy, putrid, or decomposed substance. It was labeled in part: "Pocono Mountain Fancy Blue Berries."

On September 6, 1940, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

**861. Adulteration of blueberries. U. S. v. 9 Crates and 10 Crates of Blueberries. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.** (F. D. C. Nos. 2654, 2656. Sample Nos. 36075-E, 36522-E.)

On August 15 and 16, 1940, the United States attorney for the District of Massachusetts filed libels against 19 crates of blueberries at Boston, Mass., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about August 15 and 16, 1940, by E. J. Stephenson from South Lyndeboro, N. H.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance. The article was labeled in part: (Tag) "Adams Chapman Co. \* \* \* From E. J. Stephenson."

On September 16, 1940, no claimant having appeared, judgments of condemnation were entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

**862. Adulteration of blueberries. U. S. v. 147 Crates of Blueberries (and one other seizure of blueberries). Default decrees of condemnation and destruction.** (F. D. C. Nos. 2811, 2832. Sample Nos. 33603-E, 33604-E, 34517-E, 34518-E.)

On September 14 and 16, 1940, the United States attorney for the District of New Jersey filed libels against 259 crates and 27 quarts of blueberries at Newark, N. J., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about August 21 and 22, 1940, by Sunnyburn Trading Co. from Philadelphia, Pa.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance.

On November 29, 1940, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

**863. Adulteration of blueberries. U. S. v. 7 Crates of Blueberries. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.** (F. D. C. No. 2743. Sample No. 19602-E.)

On August 27, 1940, the United States attorney for the Western District of New York filed a libel against seven crates of blueberries at Buffalo, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about August 22, 1940, by Anthony Surtasky from Tobyhanna, Pa.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance.

On October 3, 1940, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

**864. Adulteration of blueberries. U. S. v. 78 Crates of Blueberries. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.** (F. D. C. No. 2632. Sample No. 33870-E.)

On August 14, 1940, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York filed a libel against 78 crates of blueberries at New York, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about August 12, 1940, by F. Tomaine from Carbondale, Pa.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy, putrid, or decom-