

On February 9, 1939, the United States attorney for the Southern District of Illinois, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 30 bags of flour at Peoria, Ill.; alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about October 14, 1937, and November 17, 1938, from Monticello, Ind., by Loughry Bros. Milling & Grain Co.; and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act. The article was labeled in part: "Monticello Mills Pure Buckwheat Flour."

It was alleged to be adulterated in that it contained atropine alkaloids, added deleterious ingredients, which might have rendered it injurious to health.

On June 7, 1939, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

HARRY L. BROWN, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

**30662. Adulteration of oysters. U. S. v. 50 Cans of Oysters. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.** (F. & D. No. 44694. Sample No. 58810-D.)

This product contained added water.

On January 19, 1939, the United States attorney for the Southern District of West Virginia, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 50 cans of oysters at Huntington, W. Va.; alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about January 9, 1939, from Crisfield, Md., by George A. Christy & Son; and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that water had been mixed and packed with it so as to reduce or lower its quality. Adulteration was alleged further in that water had been substituted wholly or in part for the article.

On May 9, 1939, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

HARRY L. BROWN, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

**30663. Adulteration of oysters. U. S. v. 118 Cans of Oysters. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.** (F. & D. No. 44693. Sample No. 58814-D.)

This product contained added water.

On January 19, 1939, the United States attorney for the Southern District of West Virginia, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 118 cans of oysters at Huntington, W. Va.; alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about January 9, 1939, from Crisfield, Md., by W. E. Ward Oyster Co.; and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act. The article was labeled in part, "Extra Standards."

It was alleged to be adulterated in that water had been mixed and packed with it so as to reduce or lower its quality, and in that water had been substituted wholly or in part for oysters.

On May 9, 1939, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

HARRY L. BROWN, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

**30664. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 10 Boxes of Butter. Default decree of condemnation. Product ordered delivered to a charitable institution.** (F. & D. No. 45379. Sample No. 51564-D.)

This product contained less than 80 percent of milk fat.

On May 11, 1939, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 10 boxes of butter at Philadelphia, Pa.; alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about May 3, 1939, from Falls City, Nebr., by Falls City Creamery Co.; and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that a product containing less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat had been substituted for butter, a product which should contain not less than 80 percent of milk fat.

On May 29, 1939, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered delivered to a charitable institution after removal of the wrappers and cartons.

HARRY L. BROWN, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*