

district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 25 baskets of apples at Philadelphia, Pa., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about October 14, 1937, from Swedesboro, N. J., by Joe DiBella, and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it contained an added poisonous or deleterious ingredient, lead, which might have rendered it harmful to health.

On November 1, 1937, no claimant having appeared, the product was condemned and ordered destroyed.

HARRY L. BROWN, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

28052. Adulteration of apples and pears. U. S. v. 31 Bushels of Apples and 34 Bushels of Pears. Default decrees of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. Nos. 40586, 40674. Sample Nos. 49765-C, 59022-C.)

These products were contaminated with arsenic and lead.

On August 27 and October 4, 1937, the United States attorney for the Northern District of Illinois, acting upon reports by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court libels praying seizure and condemnation of 31 bushels of apples and 34 bushels of pears at Chicago, Ill., alleging that the articles had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about August 22 and September 20, 1937, by Rosenthal & Stockfish, of Chicago, Ill., from Benton Harbor, Mich., consigned to themselves, and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act. The apples were labeled: "Fred L. Ashman Benton Harbor, Mich.,"; the pears were labeled: "From Henry Ressel * * * So. Haven, Mich."

The articles were alleged to be adulterated in that they contained added poisonous or deleterious ingredients, arsenic and lead, which might have rendered them harmful to health.

On October 7 and November 5, 1937, no claimant having appeared, the products were condemned and ordered destroyed.

HARRY L. BROWN, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

28053. Adulteration of apples. U. S. v. 47 Baskets and 56 Baskets of Apples. Default decrees of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. Nos. 40556, 40590. Sample Nos. 65230-C, 65301-C, 65356-C.)

This product was contaminated with lead.

On October 13 and 19, 1937, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, acting upon reports by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court libels praying seizure and condemnation of 103 baskets of apples at Philadelphia, Pa., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about October 12 and 18, 1937, by Herman Denneler from Riverton, N. J., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it contained an added poisonous or deleterious ingredient, lead, which might have rendered it harmful to health.

On November 1 and December 3, 1937, no claimant having appeared, the product was condemned and ordered destroyed.

HARRY L. BROWN, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

28054. Adulteration of apples. U. S. v. 77 Baskets of Apples. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. No. 40547. Sample No. 65222-C.)

This product was contaminated with lead.

On October 14, 1937, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 77 baskets of apples at Philadelphia, Pa., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about October 13, 1937, by C. A. Collins from Moorestown, N. J., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it contained an added poisonous or deleterious ingredient, lead, which might have rendered it harmful to health.

On November 1, 1937, no claimant having appeared, the product was condemned and ordered destroyed.

HARRY L. BROWN, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*