

27954. Adulteration of apples. U. S. v. 30 Bushels of Apples. Consent decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. No. 40856. Sample No. 59971-C.)

This product was contaminated with arsenic and lead.

On November 2, 1937, the United States attorney for the Northern District of Illinois, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 30 bushels of apples at Chicago, Ill., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about October 31, 1937, from Benton Harbor, Mich., by Nat Broverman, of Chicago, Ill., consigned to himself, and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act. The article was labeled: "Oscar Erickson, R. 2 Coloma, Mich."

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it contained poisonous or deleterious ingredients, arsenic and lead, which might have rendered it harmful to health.

On November 23, 1937, the claimant having consented to the entry of a decree, the product was condemned and ordered destroyed.

HARRY L. BROWN, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

27955. Adulteration of apples. U. S. v. 6 Bushels of Apples. Consent decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. No. 40584. Sample No. 49753-C.)

This product was contaminated with arsenic and lead.

On October 4, 1937, the United States attorney for the Northern District of Illinois, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 6 bushels of apples at Chicago, Ill., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about September 27, 1937, from Bridgman, Mich., by Carl Groth, and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it contained added poisonous or deleterious ingredients, arsenic and lead, which might have rendered it harmful to health.

On October 8, 1937, the claimant having admitted the allegations of the libel and having consented to the entry of a decree, the product was condemned and ordered destroyed.

HARRY L. BROWN, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

27956. Adulteration of apples. U. S. v. 120 Bushels of Apples. Consent decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. No. 40618. Sample No. 59601-C.)

This product was contaminated with arsenic and lead.

On October 5, 1937, the United States attorney for the Northern District of Illinois, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 120 bushels of apples at Chicago, Ill., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about October 3, 1937, from Sodus, Mich., by Joseph Martorano, of Chicago, Ill., consigned to himself, and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it contained added poisonous or deleterious ingredients, arsenic and lead, which might have rendered it harmful to health.

On October 11, 1937, the claimant having admitted the allegations of the libel and consented to the entry of a decree, the product was condemned and ordered destroyed.

HARRY L. BROWN, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

27957. Adulteration of apples. U. S. v. 13 Baskets and 12 Crates of Apples. Consent decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. No. 40588. Sample No. 59423-C.)

This product was contaminated with arsenic and lead.

On October 4, 1937, the United States attorney for the Northern District of Illinois, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 13 baskets and 12 crates of apples at Calumet City, Ill., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about September 23, 1937, by V. J. Knapp from Benton Harbor, Mich., consigned to himself, and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act. The article was labeled in part: "C. Edwards, Sodus, Mich."