

It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated in that excessive moisture had been mixed and packed with and substituted in part for butterfat, in which the said article was deficient.

Misbranding was alleged for the reason that the article was offered for sale under the distinctive name of another article.

On February 11, 1930, the Land O'Lakes Creameries (Inc.), New York, N. Y., claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel and having consented that judgment be entered condemning and forfeiting the product, a decree was entered ordering that the said product be released to the claimant upon payment of costs and the execution of a bond in the sum of \$300, conditioned in part that it be shipped to New York, to be reconditioned so that it contain at least 80 per cent of butterfat.

ARTHUR M. HYDE, *Secretary of Agriculture.*

17036. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 170 Boxes of Butter. Decree of condemnation and forfeiture. Product released under bond.
(F. & D. No. 24555. I. S. No. 011559. S. No. 2494.)

On November 6, 1929, the United States attorney for the District of Massachusetts, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 170 boxes of butter, remaining in the original unbroken packages at Springfield, Mass., consigned about October 25, 1929, alleging that the article had been shipped by the Farmers Equity Cooperative Creamery Association, Denver, Colo., and transported from the State of Colorado into the State of Massachusetts, and charging adulteration in violation of the food and drugs act.

It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated in that a product containing less than 80 per cent of milk fat had been substituted for butter, which the said article purported to be, the act of Congress approved March 4, 1923, providing that butter should contain not less than 80 per cent by weight of milk fat.

On January 22, 1930, the Farmers Equity Cooperative Creamery Association, Denver, Colo., having appeared as claimant for the property and having admitted the allegations of the libel, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be released to the said claimant upon payment of costs and the execution of a bond in the sum of \$8,000, conditioned in part that it be reworked under the supervision of this department so that it contain at least 80 per cent of butterfat.

ARTHUR M. HYDE, *Secretary of Agriculture.*

17037. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 10 Cubes of Butter. Consent decree of condemnation and forfeiture. Product released under bond.
(F. & D. No. 24559. I. S. No. 018065. S. No. 2625.)

On December 7, 1929, the United States attorney for the District of Oregon, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 10 cubes of butter, remaining in the original unbroken packages at Portland, Oreg., alleging that the article had been shipped by the Vancouver Creamery Co., from Vancouver, Wash., on or about November 27, 1929, and transported from the State of Washington into the State of Oregon, and charging adulteration in violation of the food and drugs act.

It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated in that it was deficient in butterfat, butter containing less than 80 per cent of milk fat having been substituted for normal butter of good commercial quality.

On December 10, 1929, the Vancouver Creamery Co. (Inc.), having appeared as claimant for the property and having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be released to the said claimant upon payment of costs and the execution of a bond in the sum of \$500, conditioned in part that it be reconditioned in a manner satisfactory to this department.

ARTHUR M. HYDE, *Secretary of Agriculture.*

17038. Adulteration and misbranding of butter. U. S. v. 1 Barrel of Butter. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction.
(F. & D. No. 24562. I. S. No. 025369. S. No. 2664.)

On or about December 17, 1929, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Louisiana, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel praying