

16250. Adulteration of canned shrimp. U. S. v. 140 Cases of Canned Shrimp. Decree of condemnation entered. Product released under bond. (F. & D. No. 23368. I. S. No. 0878. S. No. 1536.)

On February 4, 1929, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Louisiana, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 140 cases of canned shrimp, remaining in the original unbroken packages at New Orleans, La., alleging that the article had been shipped by the Western States Grocery Co., San Francisco, Calif., on or about December 27, 1928, and transported from the State of California into the State of New Orleans, and charging adulteration in violation of the food and drugs act. The article was labeled in part: (Can) "Barataria Shrimp * * * Dry Packed 5 Ounces Pride of Gulf Brand Packed by Caernarvon Canning Co., New Orleans."

It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy, decomposed, and putrid animal substance.

On February 15, 1929, the Caernarvon Canning Co. (Inc.), New Orleans, La., having appeared as claimant for the property and having admitted the allegations of the libel, judgment of condemnation was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be released to the said claimant upon payment of costs and the execution of a bond in the sum of \$1,200, conditioned in part that it be reconditioned in compliance with the requirements of the food and drugs act and should not be used, sold, or disposed of without having been first inspected by a representative of this department.

R. W. DUNLAP, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*