

15360. Adulteration of figs. U. S. v. 645 Boxes, et al., of Figs. Consented decrees of condemnation and forfeiture. Product released under bond. (F. & D. Nos. 21881, 21900, 21933. I. S. Nos. 13781-x, 13786-x, 13788-x. S. Nos. E-6105, E-6126, E-6139.)

On April 30, May 4, and May 23, 1927, respectively, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York, acting upon reports by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district libels praying seizure and condemnation of 2,618 boxes of figs, remaining in the original unbroken packages at New York, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped by Rosenberg Bros. & Co., in part from San Francisco, Calif., and in part from Fresno, Calif., in various consignments, on or about March 5, 7, 23, and May 10, 1927, respectively, and transported from the State of California into the State of New York, and charging adulteration in violation of the food and drugs act.

It was alleged in the libels that the article was adulterated, in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy, decomposed, or putrid vegetable substance.

On August 13, 1927, Rosenberg Bros. & Co., San Francisco, Calif., and the Sawyer Biscuit Co., Inc., New York, N. Y., claimants for respective portions of the property, having admitted the allegations of the libels and having consented to the entry of decrees, judgments of condemnation and forfeiture were entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be released to the said claimants upon payment of the costs of the proceedings and the execution of bonds totaling \$9,100, conditioned in part that the figs be used in the manufacture of tobacco.

R. W. DUNLAP, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture*

15361. Adulteration of figs. U. S. v. 2,000 Bags, et al., of Dried Figs. Consented decrees of condemnation and forfeiture. Product released under bond. (F. & D. Nos. 21824, 21880, 21910. I. S. Nos. 13777-x, 13778-x, 13787-x. S. Nos. E-3283, E-6104, E-6128.)

On April 28 and 29, and May 11, 1927, respectively, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York, acting upon reports by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district libels praying seizure and condemnation of 3,670 sacks of dried figs remaining in the original unbroken packages at New York, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped by the California Seedless Raisin Co., in part from Oakland, Calif., and in part from Fresno, Calif., in various consignments between February 26, 1927, and March 23, 1927, and transported from the State of California into the State of New York, and charging adulteration in violation of the food and drugs act.

It was alleged in the libels that the article was adulterated, in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy, decomposed, or putrid vegetable substance, to wit, wormy, moldy, filthy, and sour figs.

On July 26, and August 23, 1927, respectively, James Kutsukian and Sawyer Biscuit Co., Inc., New York, N. Y., claimants for respective portions of the property, having admitted the allegations of the libel and having consented to the entry of decrees, judgments of condemnation and forfeiture were entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be released to the said claimants upon payment of the costs of the proceedings and the execution of bonds totaling \$12,700, conditioned in part that it be used in the manufacture of tobacco.

R. W. DUNLAP, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture*

15362. Adulteration of figs. U. S. v. 1,000 Sacks, et al., of Dried Figs. Product ordered released under bond. (F. & D. No. 21858. I. S. Nos. 17016-x, 17018-x. S. No. E-3284.)

On April 28, 1927, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 1,500 sacks of dried figs, remaining in the original unbroken packages at New York, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped by the California Seedless Raisin Co., from Oakland, Calif., between the dates of March 29, 1927, and April 4, 1927, and transported from the State of California into the State of New York, and charging adulteration in violation of the food and drugs act.

It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated, in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy, decomposed, or putrid vegetable substance.

On August 16, 1927, the California Seedless Raisin Co., Oakland, Calif., appeared as claimant for the property, a decree was entered ordering the