

drugs act. The article was labeled in part: (Carton) "Red Ribbon One Pound Net Creamery Butter \* \* \* Churners And Wholesale Distributors, The Andrew Rohan Co., Cincinnati, Ohio."

It was alleged in substance in the libel that the article was misbranded in that the packages labeled "One Pound Net" did not each contain 1 pound net of butter but contained a less amount.

On November 3, 1924, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be sold by the United States marshal.

W. M. JARDINE, *Secretary of Agriculture.*

**12993. Misbranding of butter. U. S. v. 45 Packages of Butter. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and sale.** (F. & D. No. 18969. I. S. No. 18341-v. S. No. C-4476.)

On or about August 19, 1924, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Tennessee, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel praying the seizure and condemnation of 45 packages of butter, at Chattanooga, Tenn., alleging that the article had been shipped by the Evansville Pure Milk Co., Evansville, Ind., August 11, 1924, and transported from the State of Indiana into the State of Tennessee, and charging misbranding in violation of the food and drugs act. The article was labeled in part: "Made From Pasteurized Cream Evansville Pure Milk Company \* \* \* Evansville, Indiana \* \* \* One Pound Net When Packed."

It was alleged in substance in the libel that the article was misbranded, in that the packages labeled "One Pound Net" by weight did not each contain 1 pound of butter but contained a less amount.

On November 3, 1924, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be sold by the United States marshal.

W. M. JARDINE, *Secretary of Agriculture.*

**12994. Adulteration of chestnuts. U. S. v. 8 Cases of Chestnuts. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction.** (F. & D. No. 19416. I. S. No. 16178-v. S. No. E-5053.)

On December 9, 1924, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel praying the seizure and condemnation of 8 cases of chestnuts, remaining in the original unbroken packages at Philadelphia, Pa., consigned by A. Princi, New York, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped from New York, N. Y., on or about December 1, 1924, and transported from the State of New York into the State of Pennsylvania, and charging adulteration in violation of the food and drugs act.

Adulteration of the article was alleged in the libel for the reason that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy and decomposed vegetable substance.

On January 26, 1925, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

W. M. JARDINE, *Secretary of Agriculture.*

**12995. Adulteration of chestnuts. U. S. v. 2 Barrels of Chestnuts. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction.** (F. & D. No. 19417. I. S. No. 16177-v. S. No. E-5054.)

On December 9, 1924, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel praying the seizure and condemnation of 2 barrels of chestnuts, remaining in the original unbroken packages at Philadelphia, Pa., consigned by F. Romeo & Co. (Inc.), New York, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped from New York, N. Y., on or about November 19, 1924, and transported from the State of New York into the State of Pennsylvania, and charging adulteration in violation of the food and drugs act.

Adulteration of the article was alleged in the libel for the reason that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy and decomposed vegetable substance.

On January 26, 1925, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

W. M. JARDINE, *Secretary of Agriculture.*