

United States Department of Agriculture

SERVICE AND REGULATORY ANNOUNCEMENTS

BUREAU OF CHEMISTRY

SUPPLEMENT

N. J. 12301-12350

[Approved by the Acting Secretary of Agriculture, Washington, D. C., October 20, 1924]

NOTICES OF JUDGMENT UNDER THE FOOD AND DRUGS ACT

[Given pursuant to section 4 of the Food and Drugs Act]

12301. Adulteration of frozen eggs. U. S. v. 211 Cans and 1,173 Cans of Frozen Eggs. Consent decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. Nos. 18541, 18628. I. S. Nos. 18001-v, 18002-v, 18003-v, 18004-v. S. Nos. C-4327, C-4344.)

On April 10 and 18, 1924, respectively, the United States attorney for the Northern District of Illinois, acting upon reports by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district libels praying the seizure and condemnation of 1,384 cans of frozen eggs remaining in the original unbroken packages at Chicago, Ill., alleging that the article had been shipped by the Central Poultry and Packing Co., from Kansas City, Mo., in various consignments, September 1, 7, 10, and 14, 1923, respectively, and transported from the State of Missouri into the State of Illinois, and charging adulteration in violation of the food and drugs act.

Adulteration of the article was alleged in the libels for the reason that the article consisted wholly or in part of a filthy, decomposed, and putrid animal substance.

On June 16, 1924, the cases having been consolidated into one action and Theodore Aaron (Inc.), claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libels and consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be released to the said claimant upon payment of the costs of the proceedings and the execution of a bond in the sum of \$1,000, in conformity with section 10 of the act, conditioned in part that the good portion be separated from the bad portion and the bad portion denatured and used for technical purposes.

HOWARD M. GORE, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

12302. Adulteration of prunes. U. S. v. 57 Sacks of Prunes. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. No. 18153. I. S. No. 15798-v. S. No. E-5628.)

On December 11, 1923, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel praying the seizure and condemnation of 57 sacks of prunes remaining unsold in the original unbroken packages at New York, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped from Constanza, Roumania, into the State of New York, and charging adulteration in violation of the food and drugs act.

Adulteration of the article was alleged in the libel for the reason that the article consisted wholly or in part of a filthy, decomposed vegetable substance.

On May 2, 1924, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

HOWARD M. GORE, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*