

Calif., alleging that the article had been shipped by the D. D. D. Co., Chicago, Ill., between the dates October 25, 1918, and February 4, 1920, and transported from the State of Illinois into the State of California, and charging misbranding in violation of the Food and Drugs Act, as amended. The article consisted of three style packages, "Ordinary Strength, Large Size," "Ordinary Strength, Smaller Size," and "Extra Strong," which were labeled in part as follows: (Ordinary strength, large size) (carton) "D D D Remedy for Eczema and Diseases Of The Skin And Scalp * * * Eczema Psoriasis Pimples Tetter Red Nose Salt Rheum Dandruff Ivy Poison Hives Itching Piles * * * Itch Barber's Itch Dermatitis Herpes Sycosis;" (bottle) "D D D Prescription For The Skin and Scalp * * *;" (ordinary strength, smaller size) (carton) "D D D Remedy for Eczema and Diseases Of The Skin And Scalp * * * Pimples on Face, Red Nose, Barber's Itch, * * * Eczema Psoriasis Pimples Tetter * * * Salt Rheum Dandruff Ivy Poison Hives Itching Piles * * * Itch Barber's Itch Dermatitis Herpes Sycosis;" (bottle) "D D D Prescription For The Skin and Scalp * * * Pimples on Face, Red Nose, Barber's Itch * * *;" (extra strong) (carton) "D D D Remedy for Eczema and Diseases Of The Skin * * * for cases of Chronic Dry Eczema And Psoriasis confined to the trunk of the body, arms and legs, which do not respond to treatment with D. D. D. Ordinary * * *;" (bottle) "D D D Prescription for the Skin * * * prepared especially for Chronic Dry Eczema and Psoriasis * * *." All three style packages were further labeled in part: (Circular) "To subdue Eczema and Skin Diseases * * * Use D. D. D.—The Lotion for Skin Disease * * *;" (booklet) "* * * D. D. D. The Lotion for Skin Disease * * * In nearly all instances D. D. D. gives relief at once. * * * It is indeed true that the first or second full size bottle will relieve the itch and will be found to be sufficient in the majority of cases of skin disease. In practically all cases the fourth or fifth or at the very most the sixth bottle will plainly indicate to the patient that he is on the road to recovery. * * * continue the use of D. D. D. prescription until the desired results are obtained. * * * D. D. D. is a treatment. * * * The Most Common Forms of Skin Disease Successfully Treated by D. D. D. Eczema (Salt Rheum; Tetter) * * * Psoriasis * * * Barber's Itch * * * Sycosis * * * Acne * * * Dandruff * * * Hives, Nettle rash * * * Plant Poison * * *."

Analyses of samples of the article by the Bureau of Chemistry of this department showed that it consisted essentially of phenol, chloral hydrate, and salicylic acid, with small amounts of methyl salicylate and thymol, in glycerin, alcohol, and water.

Misbranding of the article was alleged in substance in the libels for the reason that the above-quoted statements, appearing in the circular and booklet and on the cartons and bottles, were false and fraudulent since the article contained no ingredient or combination of ingredients capable of producing the curative and therapeutic effects claimed.

On March 9, 1920, the D. D. D. Co., Chicago, Ill., claimant, having consented to decrees, judgments were entered declaring the product to be misbranded, and it was ordered by the court that the product be released to said claimant upon payment of the costs of the proceedings and the execution of a bond in the sum of \$2,000, in conformity with section 10 of the act.

E. D. BALL, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

9306. Misbranding of Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills. U. S. * * * v. 9 Dozen Packages of * * * Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. No. 13432. I. S. No. 10028-t. S. No. W-714.)

On or about September 2, 1920, the United States attorney for the Southern District of California, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel for the seizure and condemnation of 9 dozen packages of Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills, remaining in the

original unbroken packages at Los Angeles, Calif., alleging that the article had been shipped by the Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y., in part on or about March 20, 1920, and in part on or about May 25, 1920, and transported from the State of New York into the State of California, and charging misbranding in violation of the Food and Drugs Act, as amended.

Analysis of a sample of the article by the Bureau of Chemistry of this department showed that the pills consisted essentially of strychnine, arsenic, ferrous carbonate, a salt of manganese, and aloes.

Misbranding of the article was alleged in substance in the libel for the reason that it was labeled in part as follows, "Builds up the System Cures * * * Nervous Prostration * * * Nervous Headache Female Trouble * * * Heart Failure Dizziness & Fainting Sleeplessness and General Weakness," (circular) "Hysteria, Hystero-epilepsy, Epilepsy, St. Vitus dance, Paralysis, Locomotor-Ataxia, Insanity * * * await * * * the chance to enter. The Cure Is alone found in Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills. A medicine rich in all the elements that go to make rich red blood and to supply the hungry nerves with proper nourishment, a medicine that supplies what is lacking, the very essence of existence. the active principle of life—Nerve Force * * * Sexual Wrecks * * * in Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills, the victim of excess finds a medicine that reaches the seat of trouble and cures * * * re-invigorates, by re-supplying the very essential of health, Nerve Force. Once this health-giving force reaches the relaxed and debilitated organ in proper quantity, the organ begins to rebuild itself and takes its place as capable as ever of carrying-out its work * * * Occasional irregularity, or * * * slight and fearfully painful menstruation * * * the absence of a healthy flow * * * a complete relaxation and loss of power upon the part of the uterine organs * * * It is in such cases as these * * * that * * * Nerve Pills show their sterling qualities * * * by re-supplying the element lacking, Nerve Force * * * Sterility * * * The * * * use of * * * Nerve Pills always results in an awakening and return of power to those organs * * * Girlhood to womanhood * * * Nerve Pills * * * by their ability to supply a world of nerve force and physical energy and to manufacture the richest quality of blood, makes the passage * * * easy and safe * * * Feeble Little Ones * * * due to Diphtheria, Measles, Scarlet Fever, etc. * * * Nothing could reach * * * in a more rapid or happy manner than do * * * Nerve Pills, a preparation designed expressly to furnish to these weak and puny little ones all that is essential to their re-building and re-invigorating * * * A True Tonic * * * results once obtained are doubly certain and lasting * * * This is the only medicine that cures by rebuilding, re-invigorating and re-supplying what is lacking—good blood and nerve force," which statements were false and fraudulent in that the said article contained no ingredient or combination of ingredients capable of producing the curative and therapeutic effects claimed.

On April 6, 1921, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

E. D. BALL, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

9307. Misbranding of Gold Medal Compound Pills. U. S. * * * v. 3 Dozen Packages of * * * Gold Medal Compound Pills. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. No. 13434. I. S. No. 10034-t. S. No. W-719.)

On or about September 2, 1920, the United States attorney for the Southern District of California, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel for the seizure and condemnation of 3 dozen packages of Gold Medal Compound Pills, remaining in the original unbroken packages at Los Angeles, Calif., alleging that the article had been shipped by the