

4409. Misbranding of dextro-amphetamine sulfate tablets. U. S. v. Henry D. Schmauch (Peoples Drug Store). Plea of guilty. Fine, \$50. (F. D. C. No. 35778. Sample Nos. 35512-L, 64956-L, 64958-L.)

INFORMATION FILED: March 10, 1954, Western District of Wisconsin, against Henry D. Schmauch, trading as the Peoples Drug Store, La Crosse, Wis.

NATURE OF CHARGE: On or about August 10 and 11, 1953, while a number of *dextro-amphetamine sulfate tablets* were being held for sale at the Peoples Drug Store, after shipment in interstate commerce, the defendant caused various quantities of the drug to be dispensed without a prescription from a practitioner licensed by law to administer such drug. Such acts of dispensing were contrary to Section 503 (b) (1), and resulted in the dispensed drug being misbranded while held for sale.

DISPOSITION: March 30, 1954. The defendant having entered a plea of guilty, the court fined him \$50.

4410. Misbranding of phenobarbital tablets, sulfathiazole tablets, and amphetamine sulfate tablets. U. S. v. Robert C. Prather (Central Drug Store). Plea of guilty. Fine, \$100. (F. D. C. No. 34822. Sample Nos. 46293-L, 46295-L, 46296-L, 46298-L.)

INFORMATION FILED: February 4, 1954, Middle District of Alabama, against Robert C. Prather, trading as the Central Drug Store, Phenix City, Ala.

NATURE OF CHARGE: On or about July 23, 24, and 25, 1952, while a number of *phenobarbital tablets, sulfathiazole tablets, and amphetamine sulfate tablets* were being held for sale at the Central Drug Store, after shipment in interstate commerce, the defendant caused various quantities of the drugs to be dispensed without a prescription from a practitioner licensed by law to administer such drugs. Such acts of dispensing were contrary to Section 503 (b) (1), and resulted in the dispensed drugs being misbranded while held for sale.

DISPOSITION: April 5, 1954. The defendant having entered a plea of guilty, the court imposed a fine of \$100.

4411. Misbranding of probarbital calcium tablets, secobarbital sodium capsules, and lozenges containing a mixture of penicillin, bacitracin, sulfadiazine, and benzocaine. U. S. v. Cecil V. Good (Summersville Pharmacy). Plea of guilty. Fine, \$500. (F. D. C. No. 35795. Sample Nos. 53707-L, 53709-L, 63212-L.)

INFORMATION FILED: March 25, 1954, Western District of Missouri, against Cecil V. Good, trading as Summersville Pharmacy, Summersville, Mo.

NATURE OF CHARGE: On or about October 8 and 27, 1953, while a number of *probarbital calcium tablets, secobarbital sodium capsules, and lozenges containing a mixture of penicillin, bacitracin, sulfadiazine, and benzocaine* were being held for sale at Summersville Pharmacy, after shipment in interstate commerce, the defendant caused various quantities of the drugs to be dispensed without a prescription from a practitioner licensed by law to administer such drugs. Such acts of dispensing were contrary to Section 503 (b) (1), and resulted in the dispensed drugs being misbranded while held for sale.

DISPOSITION: April 1, 1954. The defendant having entered a plea of guilty, the court fined him \$500.