

That the *Sulfa-Col* when used as directed would be efficacious to relieve the symptoms of coryza (colds) in chickens and turkeys;

That the *Sulfa-Ton* when used as directed would be efficacious to relieve the symptoms of coccidiosis in chickens and turkeys and to control cecal coccidiosis in chickens and turkeys;

That the *Dia-Ton* was nonpoisonous and when used as directed would be efficacious in the treatment of pasting in chickens and turkeys and scours in calves, and in the prevention and treatment of disease in baby chicks, baby poults, grown chickens, turkeys, and rabbits;

That the *Ry-Ton* would be efficacious to relieve in poultry the symptoms of colds and roup and the conditions implied by the abbreviation, "etc.";

That the *Ton-It* would be efficacious in the treatment and prevention of the symptoms of round worms in chickens, chicks, rabbits, and hogs;

That the *Kosa-Ton* would be efficacious in the treatment of the symptoms of coccidiosis in poultry, in the treatment and prevention of disease in chickens, and in the prevention of disease in rabbits.

DISPOSITION: May 1, 1950. A plea of guilty having been entered, the court imposed a fine of \$200 and costs.

**3140. Misbranding of Arnold Eqworm Powder. U. S. v. 66 Jars \* \* \***  
(F. D. C. No. 28722. Sample No. 1286-K.)

**LIBEL FILED:** February 20, 1950, Southern District of Florida.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about June 21, 1949, by Arnold Laboratories, from New Castle, Ind.

**PRODUCT:** 66 1-pound jars of *Arnold Eqworm Powder* at Miami, Fla.

**LABEL, IN PART:** "Arnold Eqworm Powder Contains: Arsenic Trioxide . . . 2% Powdered Worm Seed . . . 4% Tobacco Powder . . . 5% Powdered Areca Nut . . . 10% Copper Sulfate, Sodium Chloride, Iron Sulfate, Calcium Phosphate."

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Misbranding, Section 502 (a), certain statements in the labeling of the article were false and misleading since they represented and suggested that the article was effective as a worm powder and was effective to reduce the intestinal infestations of ascarids and strongyles of horses and mules, whereas the article was not effective for such purposes.

**DISPOSITION:** June 8, 1950. Default decree of forfeiture and destruction.

**INDEXES TO NOTICES OF JUDGMENT D. D. N. J. NOS, 3121 to 3140**

**PRODUCTS**

	N. J. No.		N. J. No.
Adhesive bandages-----	3134	Dressings. <i>See</i> Bandages and	
Amytal tablets-----	3122	dressings.	
Angelica root-----	3128	Eqworm Powder, Arnold-----	3140
Arnold Eqworm Powder-----	3140	Folamin-----	3129
Bandages and dressings-----	3134	Foot Balm, Gold-N-Medal-----	3127
Carbrital capsules-----	3123	Gold-N-Medal Foot Balm-----	3127
Chorionic gonadotropin-----	3130-3132	Gonadotropin, chorionic-----	3130-3132
Coltsfoot leaves-----	3128	Injection preparations. <i>See</i> Pa-	
Devices-----	3135, 3136, <sup>1</sup> 3138	renteral drugs, contaminated.	
Dia-Ton-----	3139	Jalap root-----	3128

<sup>1</sup> (3138) Permanent injunction issued.

MND  
DM

# FEDERAL SECURITY AGENCY

## FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION

*no listing*

### NOTICES OF JUDGMENT UNDER THE FEDERAL FOOD, DRUG, AND COSMETIC ACT

[Given pursuant to section 705 of the Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act]

3141-3160

### DRUGS AND DEVICES

The cases reported herewith were instituted in the United States district courts by the United States attorneys, acting upon reports submitted by the Federal Security Agency. Published by direction of the Federal Security Administrator.

PAUL B. DUNBAR, *Commissioner of Food and Drugs.*

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 1, 1950.

#### CONTENTS \*

	Page		Page
Drugs actionable because of potential danger when used according to directions.....	132	Drugs and devices actionable because of false and misleading claims.....	142
Drugs and devices actionable because of failure to bear adequate directions or warning statements.....	132	Drugs for human use.....	142
Drugs actionable because of deviation from official or own standards.....	140	Drugs for veterinary use.....	146
		Index.....	147

\*For presence of a habit-forming narcotic without warning statement, see Nos. 3142-3144; omission of, or unsatisfactory, ingredients statements, Nos. 3142, 3143, 3145, 3146; failure to bear a label containing an accurate statement of the quantity of the contents, Nos. 3142-3147, 3159; failure to bear a label containing the name and place of business of the manufacturer, packer, or distributor, Nos. 3142-3146; cosmetic, actionable under the drug provisions of the Act, No. 3156.

N.V.  
 S.D.F. 803 131  
 E.R.S. 610  
 F.D.C. 20  
 D.M.T. DM

**DRUGS ACTIONABLE BECAUSE OF POTENTIAL DANGER WHEN USED  
ACCORDING TO DIRECTIONS**

**3141. Misbranding of first aid kits. U. S. v. 118 Kits \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 29094. Sample No. 80874-K.)**

**LIBEL FILED:** May 2, 1950, Eastern District of Pennsylvania.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about October 6, 1949, by the All State Iron Scrap & Metal Co., from Middletown, Del.

**PRODUCT:** 118 first aid kits containing various items of drugs including, in each, an envelope of *sulfanilamide powder* (5 grams) and a package of 7.7 gr. *sulfadiazine tablets* (8 tablets), at Philadelphia, Pa. Some of the kits contained also a package of two tubes ( $\frac{3}{4}$ -ounce size) of *tannic acid-sulfadiazine ointment* (sulfadiazine 5%).

These products could not be used safely and efficaciously in self-medication. They should be dispensed only on prescription, and they were in the hands of a dealer who was not authorized to fill prescriptions.

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Misbranding, Section 502 (j), the products were dangerous to health when used in the dosage and with the frequency and duration prescribed, recommended, and suggested in their labelings, as follows: (*Sulfanilamide powder*) "For Topical Use Warning—Absorption of this drug applied locally varies with the tissue and degree of injury but may be sufficiently great to cause systemic toxic reactions. Dyspnoea, vertigo, cyanosis, and methemoglobinemia are signs that indicate a reduction of dosage. Constant observation of the patient is essential. Caution: To be used only by or on the prescription of a physician," (*tannic acid-sulfadiazine ointment*) "For local application only not to be used on face, hands or genitals. Ointment is removable with water or saline solution \* \* \* for U. S. Army Use Only," and (*sulfadiazine tablets*) "See back label for directions Caution—To be used only by or on the prescription of a physician. Warning—This is a dangerous drug which may cause serious or fatal injury unless taken under adequate and continuous medical supervision. Directions 1. If wounded, take two (2) tablets every five (5) minutes until all are taken. 2. It is important that you drink large quantities of water when taking the drug. 3. Caution—Do not take otherwise except under specific direction of Medical Officer."

**DISPOSITION:** June 22, 1950. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

**DRUGS AND DEVICES ACTIONABLE BECAUSE OF FAILURE TO BEAR  
ADEQUATE DIRECTIONS OR WARNING STATEMENTS**

**3142. Misbranding of Benadryl capsules, Nembutal capsules, sulfonamides triplex tablets, Dexedrine sulfate tablets, and Seconal sodium capsules. U. S. v. Central Drug Co. and Harlan C. Bopp. Pleas of guilty. Fine of \$1,000 against each defendant. (F. D. C. No. 28124. Sample Nos. 45943-K, 45948-K, 45951-K, 45952-K, 45977-K, 45978-K, 45980-K, 45981-K, 45985-K.)**

**INFORMATION FILED:** February 17, 1950, Eastern District of Illinois, against the Central Drug Co., a corporation, East St. Louis, Ill., and Harlan C. Bopp, president of the corporation.

**INTERSTATE SHIPMENT:** Between the approximate dates of June 3, 1948, and March 28, 1949, from the State of Missouri into the State of Illinois, of quantities of *Benadryl capsules*, *Nembutal capsules*, *sulfonamides triplex tablets*, *Dexedrine sulfate tablets*, and *Seconal sodium capsules*.