

article was contaminated with undissolved material, whereas aqueous solutions intended for injection should be substantially free of undissolved material.

DISPOSITION: March 7, 1949. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

2677. Adulteration of vitamin B complex. U. S. v. 88 Vials * * *. (F. D. C. No. 26386. Sample No. 48221-K.)

LIBEL FILED: January 5, 1949, Eastern District of Pennsylvania.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about November 17, 1948, by Carlo Erba New York, Inc., from New York, N. Y.

PRODUCT: 88 30-cc. vials of *vitamin B complex* at Philadelphia, Pa.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 501 (c), the purity and quality of the article fell below that which it purported and was represented to possess since the article was intended for parenteral administration and contained undissolved material, whereas an article intended for parenteral use should be substantially free of undissolved material.

DISPOSITION: February 8, 1949. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

2678. Adulteration of Thiobismuth. U. S. v. 1 Box * * *. (F. D. C. No. 26383. Sample No. 11111-K.)

LIBEL FILED: On or about January 10, 1949, District of New Jersey.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about November 19, 1948, by Vincent Christina & Co., Inc., from New York, N. Y.

PRODUCT: 1 box containing 100 2-cc. ampuls of *Thiobismuth* at Jersey City, N. J.

LABEL, IN PART: (Box) "Thiobismuth Ampuls * * * Aqueous Solution of Sodium Bismuth Tartro-Amino Sulphone * * * For Intramuscular Use"; (ampul) "Thiobismuth For Intramuscular Use."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 501 (c), the purity and quality of the article fell below that which it purported and was represented to possess since the article was an aqueous solution intended for injection intramuscularly and was contaminated with undissolved material. Aqueous solutions intended for injection intramuscularly should be substantially free of undissolved material.

DISPOSITION: February 28, 1949. Default decree of condemnation. The product was ordered delivered to the Food and Drug Administration.

2679. Adulteration of Thiopentaron and Thiosol. U. S. v. 21 Vials, etc. (F. D. C. No. 26236. Sample Nos. 30796-K, 30799-K.)

LIBEL FILED: January 5, 1949, Southern District of California.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about September 7, October 1, and November 5, 1948, from New York, N. Y.

PRODUCT: 21 100-cc. vials and 9 boxes, each box containing 24 2-cc. ampuls, and 17 boxes, each containing 12 2-cc. ampuls, of *Thiopentaron*, and 14 100-cc. vials of *Thiosol* at Los Angeles, Calif.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 501 (c), the purity and quality of the articles fell below that which they purported and were represented to possess since they were for parenteral administration and contained undissolved material, whereas articles represented to be for parenteral use should be substantially free of undissolved material. The articles were adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

DISPOSITION: February 8, 1949. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.