relief from the weakening effects of dysentery and diarrhea; and that it would be effective as a medication until all signs of diarrhea and dysentery disappeared. The article would not be effective for the purposes represented.

Alkazing, misbranding, Section 502 (a), the pictures of scrawny and runty pigs and certain statements appearing in the circulars were false and misleading since they represented and suggested that the article would be effective as a prevention and treatment against intestinal disturbances and intestinal disorders of pigs and hogs, such as necro and necrotic enteritis, paratyphoid, and caseous enteritis and infectious necrotic enteritis; that it would be effective to clean sows inside and out, and to clean the intestinal tract of pigs and hogs; that it would be cheap insurance against probable further setbacks and losses in time, feed, and death of pigs and hogs; that it would be effective in making money-makers out of emaciated, fever-drawn, half-starved, runty looking pigs; that it would be effective in making market hogs out of runts; that it would be effective to cause improvement in pigs that looked like they were not doing well; that it would make profitable porkers out of runty pigs; and that it would put poor doers into condition. The article would not be effective for the purposes represented.

DISPOSITION: June 3, 1946. A plea of guilty having been entered, the defendant was fined \$100 on each of the 2 counts of the information, plus costs.

2041. Misbranding of Chick-O-Dee Antiseptic Capsules. U. S. v. 123 Packages of Chick-O-Dee Antiseptic Capsules. Default decree of forfeiture and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 16695. Sample No. 23613-H.)

LIBEL FILED: July 13, 1945, Western District of Texas.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about May 14, 1945, by the Service Sales Co., from New Orleans, La.

PRODUCT: 123 packages of Chick-O-Dee Antiseptic Capsules at San Antonio, Tex. Analysis disclosed that the product consisted essentially of epsom salt and sodium bicarbonate, with small proportions of calcium lactate, aluminum, potassium, and iron sulfates, and a trace of gambir.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Misbranding, Section 502 (a), certain label statements were false and misleading since they represented and suggested that the article, when used as directed, was an antiseptic, a disinfectant, and a deodorant; that the article would counteract contamination of drinking water and prevent spreading of disease; that it would be effective to prevent rickets, to overcome hyperacidity, and relieve diarrhea; and that it would be effective as a purgative. The article, when used as directed, was not an antiseptic, a disinfectant, or a deodorant, it would not accomplish the results claimed, and it would not be effective for the purposes represented.

Further misbranding, Section 502 (a), the statement, "Active Ingredients:-Calcium Lactate, Sodium Bicarbonate, Gambir, Iron, Protosulphate, Aluminum and Potassium Sulphate, Magnesii Sulfas," was misleading since none of the ingredients named was present in the article in sufficient quantity to have any therapeutic value for any disease condition of poultry when used in the manner directed on the label.

Disposition: January 25, 1946. No claimant having appeared, judgment of forfeiture was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

2042. Misbranding of Choloid Tablets. U. S. v. 289 Bottles of Choloid Tablets. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 20707. Sample No. 51188-H.)

LIBEL FILED: August 9, 1946, Northern District of Iowa.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about May 17, 1946, by the Northwest Poultry Supplies Co., from Sioux Falls, S. Dak.

PRODUCT: 289 bottles of Choloid Tablets at Sioux Center, Iowa. Analysis showed that the tablets consisted essentially of copper sulfate, citrate arsenite, zinc, and calcium and sodium sulfocarbolates.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Misbranding, Section 502 (a), the following label statements were false and misleading: "Choloid Cholera and Fowl Typhoid Tablets \* \* \* If trouble is of mild form use two or three tablets to a gallon. For severe cases use four or five tablets to a gallon. until disease is checked. \* \* \* Choloid Tablets are recommended for use as a preventive and check for all bowel trouble of poultry. They are especially effective for treatment of the severe intestinal disorders-Cholera and fowl