

6, 1944, by the Walgreen Drug Stores, from Chicago, Ill. The article was labeled in part: "Derbies Manufactured for Jay Dee Drug Co., Chicago, Ill. By the Killian Manufacturing Co., Akron, Ohio."

Examination of samples disclosed that the article was defective in that it contained holes.

It was alleged to be adulterated in that its quality fell below that which it purported and was represented to possess. It was alleged to be misbranded in that the label statement, "for the prevention of Disease," was false and misleading as applied to an article containing holes.

On March 31, 1945, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

1531. Adulteration and misbranding of prophylactics. U. S. v. 44 Gross of Prophylactics. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 14927. Sample No. 62324-F.)

On December 30, 1944, the United States attorney for the Northern District of Alabama filed a libel against 44 gross of prophylactics at Birmingham, Ala., alleging that the article had been shipped on or about October 30, 1944, from New York, N. Y., by the World Merchandise Exchange. The article was labeled in part: "Silver-Tex Prophylactics * * * Manufactured by The Killian Mfg. Company Akron, Ohio."

Examination of samples showed that the article was defective in that it contained holes.

It was alleged to be adulterated in that its quality fell below that which it purported and was represented to possess. It was alleged to be misbranded in that the label statement, "Prophylactics," was false and misleading as applied to an article containing holes.

On January 30, 1945, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

1532. Adulteration and misbranding of prophylactics. U. S. v. 47½ Gross of Prophylactics. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 15132. Sample No. 5629-H.)

On or about January 31, 1945, the United States attorney for the District of Connecticut filed a libel against 47½ gross of prophylactics at New Haven, Conn., alleging that the article had been shipped on or about January 10, 1945, from New York, N. Y., by the Goodwear Rubber Co. The article was labeled in part: "Xcello's Prophylactics."

Examination of samples disclosed that the article was defective in that it contained holes.

It was alleged to be adulterated in that its quality fell below that which it purported and was represented to possess. It was alleged to be misbranded in that the label statement, "Prophylactics," was false and misleading as applied to an article containing holes.

On March 13, 1945, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

DRUGS ACTIONABLE BECAUSE OF FALSE AND MISLEADING CLAIMS*

DRUGS FOR HUMAN USE

1533. Misbranding of Pierre Cartier's Medicine. U. S. v. 199 Bottles of Pierre Cartier's Medicine. Consent decree of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond. (F. D. C. No. 15286. Sample No. 11421-H.)

On February 20, 1945, the United States attorney for the District of Rhode Island filed a libel against 199 bottles of Pierre Cartier's Medicine at Providence, R. I., alleging that the article had been shipped on or about January 9 and 31, 1945, from Palmer, Mass., by the Bay State Drug Co.

Examination showed that the article consisted essentially of a mixture of equal volumes of cod liver oil, rum, and honey.

It was alleged to be misbranded in that certain statements on its label and in a circular entitled "Pierre Cartier's Medicine," which was enclosed in the retail carton with the bottle, were false and misleading since they represented and suggested that the article would be effective in the treatment and prevention of colds and diseases resulting from exposure and low resistance; that it would be effective as a tonic and in the treatment of debilities resulting from colds, grippe, pneumonia, catarrhal and bronchial troubles, and anemia; and that

*See also Nos. 1502, 1503, 1505, 1508, 1509, 1514, 1517, 1521, 1522, 1525, 1528-1532.