

article would not be safe or appropriate for use in transfusions to prevent the clotting of blood.

On September 22, 1943, the defendant having entered a plea of nolo contendere, the court imposed a fine of \$500 on each of 8 counts, a total of \$4,000.

**1052. Misbranding of Re-Sude-Oids. U. S. v. 20 Packages of Re-Sude-Oids. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 10033. Sample No. 42658-F.)**

On or about June 18, 1943, the United States attorney for the District of Oregon filed a libel against 20 packages of Re-Sude-Oids at Portland, Oreg., alleging that the article had been shipped on or about May 11, 1943, by the American Medicinal Products, Inc., from Los Angeles, Calif.; and charging that it was misbranded.

Examination showed that the article consisted of capsules containing, in each, approximately 0.68 grain thyroid, 0.41 grain potassium iodide, 0.02 grain phenolphthalein and dried glandular tissue.

The article was alleged to be misbranded in that it was dangerous to health when used in the dosage and with the frequency or duration prescribed, recommended, and suggested in the labeling thereof: (On bottle label, carton, and circular enclosed in the package) "Take one capsule daily for six days, then one capsule twice a day for six days, then one capsule three times a day with all following bottles." The article was alleged to be misbranded further in that the statements appearing in its labeling which created the impression in the minds of readers that the article was a safe, appropriate, and effective treatment for obesity were false and misleading, since the article was not a safe, appropriate, or effective treatment for such conditions, but was a potentially harmful drug.

On August 10, 1943, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

**DRUGS ACTIONABLE BECAUSE OF FAILURE TO BEAR ADEQUATE DIRECTIONS OR WARNING STATEMENTS**

**1053. Misbranding of Chynos. U. S. v. Watchung Laboratories and Emil J. Widmer. Pleas of guilty. Fines, \$50 on count 1 and \$500 on count 2 as to each defendant. Payment of fines on count 2 suspended and defendants placed on probation. (F. D. C. No. 9642. Sample No. 18924-F.)**

On June 3, 1943, the United States attorney for the District of New Jersey filed an information against the Watchung Laboratories, a corporation, Bound Brook, N. J., and Emil J. Widmer, president and treasurer of the corporation, alleging shipment on or about October 26 and December 12, 1942, from the State of New Jersey into the State of New York of quantities of the above-named product.

Analyses of samples of the article showed that it was in the form of tablets which consisted essentially of aminopyrine (approximately 2 grains per tablet) and by hydroxyquinoline sulfonic acid.

The article was alleged to be misbranded in that it was not designated solely by a name recognized in an official compendium; it was fabricated from two or more ingredients, one of which was aminopyrine (amidopyrine); and its label did not bear the common or usual name of each active ingredient, including the quantity or proportion of aminopyrine named therein. It was alleged to be misbranded further in that it contained aminopyrine, which might cause the serious blood disturbance known as agranulocytosis, and might therefore produce serious or fatal injury unless used under adequate and continuous medical supervision; and its label failed to bear such adequate warnings against unsafe dosage or methods or duration of administration in such manner and form as are necessary for the protection of users.

On June 21, 1943, the defendants having entered pleas of guilty, the court imposed upon each defendant a fine of \$50 on count 1 and a fine of \$500 on count 2. Payment of the fines on count 2 were suspended, and the defendants were placed on probation for a period of 1 year.

**1054. Adulteration and misbranding of effervescent solution citrated magnesia. U. S. v. Henry Perlmutter (Crystal Drug and Magnesia Co., and White-Stone Laboratories). Plea of guilty. Fine, \$50. (F. D. C. No. 9655. Sample No. 19441-F.)**

On June 22, 1943, the United States attorney for the District of Massachusetts filed an information against Henry Perlmutter, trading as the Crystal Drug and Magnesia Co. and as the White-Stone Laboratories, Dorchester,