

**PRODUCT:** 498 cases, each containing 48 unlabeled 8-ounce cans, of salmon at New York, N. Y.

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance by reason of the presence of decomposed fish.

**DISPOSITION:** March 20, 1952. Hallmark Fisheries, Inc., Charleston, Oreg., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the court ordered that the product be released under bond for the segregation and the destruction of the unfit portion, under the supervision of the Federal Security Agency. 444 cases and 51 cans of the product were salvaged, and 47 cases and 82 cans were destroyed.

**19074. Misbranding of canned sardines. U. S. v. 496 Cases \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 31790. Sample No. 10985-L.)**

**LIBEL FILED:** October 12, 1951, Southern District of Ohio.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about June 18, 1951, by the Tilghman Packing Co., from Tilghman, Md.

**PRODUCT:** 496 cases, each containing 24 1-pound, 10-ounce cans, of sardines at Cincinnati, Ohio.

**LABEL, IN PART:** "Tilghman Pan Ready For Broiling or Frying Five Individually Wrapped Sardines Herring Contents 1 Lb. 10 Oz."

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Misbranding, Section 403 (a), the label designation "Sardines" was false and misleading since the product was large herring individually parchment wrapped and packed in brine; and, Section 403 (e) (2), the product failed to bear a label containing an accurate statement of the quantity of the contents (the cans were short of the declared weight).

**DISPOSITION:** On March 3, 1952, on the motion of the claimant, the shipper, the case was removed to the United States District Court for the District of Delaware. On December 8, 1952, the claimant having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the court ordered that the product be released under bond to be relabeled, under the supervision of the Federal Security Agency.

**19075. Adulteration of crab meat. U. S. v. 52 Tins \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 33367. Sample No. 39207-L.)**

**LIBEL FILED:** On or about July 30, 1952, District of New Jersey; amended libel filed on or about August 7, 1952.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about July 23, 1952, by I. F. Cannon & Son, from Cambridge, Md.

**PRODUCT:** 52 1-pound tins of crab meat at Spring Lake, N. J.

**LABEL, IN PART:** "Cannon's Quality Fresh Picked DeLuxe Crabmeat."

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of *B. coli* of fecal origin.

**DISPOSITION:** September 10, 1952. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

**19076. Adulteration of frozen lobsters. U. S. v. 6 Cartons \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 33327. Sample No. 25838-L.)**

**LIBEL FILED:** July 3, 1952, Eastern District of Pennsylvania.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about June 3, 1952, from Miami, Fla. This was a return shipment.

**PRODUCT:** 6 cartons of frozen lobsters at Philadelphia, Pa.

**LABEL, IN PART:** (Carton) "Random Wt Culls Frosted Lobster Packed By Sebasco Fishermans Assn Sebasco, Maine 30 Lbs Wt."

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance by reason of the presence of decomposed lobster meat.

**DISPOSITION:** August 20, 1952. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

**19077. Adulteration of frozen shrimp. U. S. v. 566 Pounds \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 33322. Sample No. 23246-L.)**

**LIBEL FILED:** July 3, 1952, Southern District of New York.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about May 30, 1952, by Joseph Thompson, from Key West, Fla.

**PRODUCT:** 566 pounds of frozen shrimp at New York, N. Y.

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance by reason of the presence of decomposed shrimp.

**DISPOSITION:** September 11, 1952. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

## FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

### CANNED FRUIT

**19078. Misbranding of canned pears. U. S. v. 73 Cases \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 33207. Sample No. 102-L.)**

**LIBEL FILED:** April 30, 1952, District of Hawaii.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about January 18, 1952, by Harold C. Brooks, Inc., from Los Angeles, Calif.

**PRODUCT:** 73 cases, each containing 24 1-pound, 13-ounce cans, of pears at Honolulu, T. H.

**LABEL, IN PART:** "Bartlett Pears \* \* \* Vita-Pak Brand Packed by K and R Fruit Products Inc., Upland, California."

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Misbranding, Section 403 (h) (2), the product fell below the standard of fill of container for canned pears since it did not contain the maximum quantity of the pear ingredient which can be sealed in the container and processed by heat without crushing or breaking the pear ingredient, and its label failed to bear a statement that the product fell below the standard.

**DISPOSITION:** June 10 and July 15, 1952. Default decree of condemnation. The court ordered that the product be delivered to charitable institutions.

### FROZEN FRUIT

**19079. Adulteration of frozen red raspberries and frozen strawberries. U. S. v. Herman C. Bloom (M. Bloom & Co. Frosted Foods). Plea of guilty. Fine, \$500. Defendant placed on probation for 5 years. (F. D. C. No. 31564. Sample Nos. 25505-L, 25509-L, 26360-L, 26361-L.)**

**INFORMATION FILED:** January 9, 1952, District of New Jersey, against Herman C. Bloom, a partner in the M. Bloom & Co. Frosted Foods, a partnership, Camden, N. J.