

VIOLATIONS CHARGED: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been held under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: September 11, 1944. E. D. Martin and Co., Charleston, W. Va., claimant, having admitted the allegations in the libel, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond to be used in the manufacture of animal feed, under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

7529. Adulteration and misbranding of enriched flour. U. S. v. 160 Bags of Flour. Default decree of condemnation. Product ordered delivered to a charitable institution. (F. D. C. No. 14557. Sample No. 92122-F.)

LIBEL FILED: November 29, 1944, Western District of Pennsylvania.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about October 26, 1944, by the Richards Milling Co., from Cortland, Ohio.

PRODUCT: 160 25-pound bags of enriched flour at Chicora, Pa.

LABEL, IN PART: "Enriched Flour * * * Blue Ribbon Patent Flour Bleached."

VIOLATIONS CHARGED: Adulteration, Section 402 (b) (1), a valuable constituent, thiamine (vitamin B₁), had been in part omitted from the product.

Misbranding, Section 403 (g) (1), the product failed to conform to the definition and standard for enriched flour since it contained approximately 1.23 milligrams of thiamine (vitamin B₁) per pound, whereas the standard requires 2.0 milligrams per pound.

DISPOSITION: January 4, 1945. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered delivered to a charitable institution.

7530. Adulteration and misbranding of enriched flour. U. S. v. 79 Bags of Enriched Flour. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 13911. Sample No. 67863-F.)

LIBEL FILED: October 6, 1944, Eastern District of Tennessee.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about August 4, 1944, by the Lexington Roller Mills, Inc., Lexington, Ky.

PRODUCT: 79 25-pound bags of enriched flour, at Knoxville, Tenn.

LABEL, IN PART: "'Enriched' Lexington Cream Bleached Flour Our Finest Patent."

VIOLATIONS CHARGED: Adulteration, Section 402 (b) (1), valuable constituents, thiamine (vitamin B₁) and iron, had been in part omitted from the product.

Misbranding, Section 403 (g) (1), the product failed to conform to the definition and standard for enriched flour since it contained approximately 1.22 milligrams of thiamine (vitamin B₁) and 11.2 milligrams of iron per pound, whereas the standard requires not less than 2.0 milligrams of thiamine (vitamin B₁) and not less than 13.0 milligrams of iron per pound.

DISPOSITION: November 30, 1944. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed. It was disposed of as animal feed.

7531. Adulteration of phosphated flour. U. S. v. 150 Bags of Flour. Decree of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond. (F. D. C. No. 13452. Sample No. 80600-F.)

LIBEL FILED: August 30, 1944, Western District of Arkansas.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about May 2, 1944, by the New Era Milling Co., Arkansas City, Kans.

PRODUCT: 150 50-pound bags of phosphated flour at Magnolia, Ark.

LABEL, IN PART: "Polar Bear Enriched Phosphated Flour Bleached."

VIOLATION CHARGED: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of weevils, larvae, and cast skins.

DISPOSITION: November 17, 1944. The Magnolia Grocer Co., Magnolia, Ark., having appeared as claimant, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond to be denatured, under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration, so that it could not be used for human consumption.