decomposed substances. The articles were labeled in part: "Red Bow * * * Brazil Nuts"; or "Keystone Fancy Mixed Nuts Walnuts-Almonds-Brazils-Pecans-Filberts."

On December 11 and 16, 1941, and January 16 and April 29, 1942, no claimant having appeared, judgments of condemnation were entered and the products were ordered destroyed.

2954. Adulteration of Brazil nuts. U. S. v. 110 Bags and 23 Bags of Brazil Nuts. Decrees of condemnation. Portion of product ordered released under bond for segregation and destruction of unfit portion; remainder ordered destroyed. (F. D. C. Nos. 6228, 6522. Sample Nos. 74565–E, 89001–E.)

Examination of this product showed the presence of moldy, rancid, and decomposed nuts.

On November 15 and December 16, 1941, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York filed libels against 133 100-pound bags of Brazil nuts at New York, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped by B. Levy & Co. from Manaos, Brazil, 110 bags having arrived at New York on April 23, 1941, and 23 bags having been shipped on or about June 23, 1941; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance. The article was labeled in part: "Tropical Beauties * * * Brazils," or "Amazon Brand Large Washed Brazil Nuts."

On December 10, 1941, Wm. A. Camp Co., Inc., New York, N. Y., claimant for the 110 bags of Brazil nuts, having admitted the allegations of the libel, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond conditioned that the nuts be shelled and that the unfit portion be segregated and destroyed. On January 14, 1942, no claimant having appeared for the remainder of the nuts, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

2955. Adulteration of peanuts. U. S. v. 30 Bags and 61 Bags of Shelled Peanuts. Consent decree of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond to be reconditioned. (F. D. C. No. 6027. Sample No. 61779–E.)

Examination showed that this product was insect-infested.

On October 14, 1941, the United States attorney for the District of Oregon filed a libel against 91 bags of shelled peanuts at Portland, Oreg., alleging that the article had been shipped on or about April 5, 1941, by Suffolk Peanut Co. from Suffolk, Va.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted wholly or in part of a filthy substance.

On October 28, 1941, Royal Nut Manufacturing Co., Portland, Oreg., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond to be reconditioned under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration. The good portion was segregated from the bad and the latter was destroyed.

2956. Adulteration of pecans. U. S. v. 280 Cartons and 14,870 Pounds of Pecans. Consent decrees of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond to be reconditioned. (F. D. C. Nos. 6152, 6343. Sample Nos. 74562–E, 74593–E.)

Examination of this product disclosed the presence of moldy, rancid, and/or decomposed pecans.

On November 6 and December 5, 1941, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York filed libels against 280 cartons each containing 65 pounds, and 14,870 pounds of pecans at New York, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped on or about September 22, 1941, by Southern Pecan Shelling Co. from San Antonio, Tex.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance. A portion of the article was labeled in part: (Cartons) "Extra Fancy Texas Pecans Southern Belle Pecans."

On December 2 and 22, 1941, Southern Pecan Shelling Co., claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libels, judgments of condemnation were entered and the product was ordered released under bond to be reconditioned under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration, such reconditioning to consist of cracking out the nut meats and sorting the edible nut meats from the moldy and rancid pieces.